

Descendants of Johann Haacke

Johann Haacke
Born 1775

Parents: Unknown

Married 1796 to

Hannah Adams
Born 1779

Parents: Unknown

Children:

- i. Elisabeth², born 1797.
- ii. Mary Anne, born 1799; died before 1813.
- iii. David, born 25 Jul 1801 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 09 Nov 1888 in Fulton County, Illinois
- iv. Amalia, born circa 1803 in Toronto, York, Ontario
- v. Rachel, born circa 1805; died before 14 Jan 1834.
- vi. Henry, born 15 May 1810; died in 1869.
- vii. George, born 15 May 1810 in Markham, York, Ontario; m Sophia Quantz in Markham, by David Youman, 1 May, 1837, died 21 Mar 1896 in Georgina Township, Ontario. George and Henry were baptized together 12 Feb 1811 by Rev. George O'Kill Stuart at St. James Anglican Church.
- viii. Mary Anne, born in 1813, died 16 Jul 1883 in Colborne, Huron, Ontario.
- ix. Christina, born in 1814; m 5 Oct., 1834 by Rev. Philip Mayerhoffer, to Jacob Brendle/Braendle, possibly died young as no other records for her. Or was she married by Rev. Johann Dietrich Petersen, Pastor of the Lutheran Congregation of Markham and Vaughan.
- x. Edward, born 08 Sep 1816, bapt. 20 May, 1822 by Rev. Peterson, in Markham, York, Ontario; died 19 Apr 1894 in Fulton County, Illinois.

Generation No. 1

Johann¹ Haacke was born circa 1775, possibly in Germany. There is no proof that he was born in the United States. He married **Hannah Adams** (see Figure 01) in 1796. She was born in 1779 in New York City, New York.

I Introduction

During the last few decades, there have been several historical celebrations in the Toronto area. One was the 200th anniversary of the arrival of the Berczy settlers in 1994 and the second was the more recent Yonge Street celebration in Toronto. We are lucky to have fairly extensive and interesting records available in Ontario from those times for family history research. In this brief expose, I focus on one of the early settlers who was both in Markham with the Berczy settlers and probably one of the young men who helped clear Yonge Street. These records include: land petitions, Township papers, census records, and church records, to name a few, all available in the Ontario Archives. Some of the records we have found lend insight into the business relationships of the more wealthy and influential people in the then small community of Toronto. Although I have been lucky enough to uncover a fair bit of information about Johann Haacke, my fourth great-grandfather, certain parts of his life remain elusive. Specifically, these include his route to Canada and where he spent his later years post 1831. This article represents roughly the middle 40 years of his life in Ontario and his passing interactions with several well-known men of the time including William Berczy and William Allen. He likely met many of the early famous people of those times as is shown by the signatures witnessing his land

petitions and land transactions in the material presented below.

John Haacke

The earliest records of John Haacke place him on lot 17 west 1/2 of Concession 4 in Markham Township, York County amongst the Berczy settlers. John likely spoke both German and English. He attended the German Lutheran church and lived in a German community. On the other hand, he had worked with English speaking people since 1792 and must have had much contact with the English in Toronto (then York). There is also evidence that John could write because of documents discovered that were signed by him. His signature was not a rough scrawl, but a very neat, somewhat elegant, signing. However, we are not sure if he could write beyond the extent of his signature. John married Hannah Adams of New York City. Some of their children were baptized Lutheran [1] and some were baptized at St. James Anglican Church [2] (the oldest church in Toronto). Evidently, John was as a hard-working, persistent man. During the course of John's early years in Ontario (from 1792 to 1800), he had the opportunity to work for many different men - all prominent in the business or political world at that time.

The early records show Johann as arriving in Ontario in 1792, likely through Niagara-on-the-Lake. He fought in the war of 1812 in the Cavalry of one of the Markham divisions. He farmed in Markham and raised his family in that vicinity until the early 1830s. After 1831, he disappears from Ontario records. About this same time, Johann's youngest son, Edward, appears down in Illinois with his oldest brother, David. In David's account, as printed in the local history (ref from Fulton Co), his parents were John of Holland and Hannah Adams of New York City. One of Johann's early land petitions states he was a native of Germany. Hannah is also referred to from two branches of the family as being related to John Quincy Adams. I have not been able to show this yet, but even in 1800 the Henry Adams family of Braintree had been around for 150 years. The Holland connection is unclear; it may be that this is how Deutsch (pronounced Dutch by many then) got translated by the reporter.

One direction which seems likely is that Johann was the son of one of the Brunswick mercenary soldiers who fought in the 1776 Revolutionary War. Of the four Haacke men listed in the Brunswick records, one Heinrich was indentured at the end of the war and apparently stayed in the United States. It may be that he settled in Pennsylvania or New York and could be Johann's father. Henry is a common name in the family. In all likelihood, Johann and Hannah were married and lived for some time in New York State. Where they finally ended up, I do not know at this time. Their arrival into Upper Canada was likely through Niagara-on-the-Lake where Johann appears to have worked for a few years from 1792 to 1794. From Clifford Neal Smith's work, he has a list of recruits at two different times, 15 Sept., 1778 and 14 Oct., 1779, for the Brunswick Dragoons according to the report dated 24 July, 1780 from Brigadier General Speth who was the commanding officer in the Province under Major General Riedesel. However, these men had not yet been nominated to their respective squadrons. The certification in this list was signed by Captain von Schlagenteufel, present and commanding officer. One "Johann Haacke" was listed there. [The reference for this may be Muster rolls and prisoner-of-war lists in American archival collections pertaining to the German mercenary troops who served with the British forces during the American revolution. ISSN 0094-7806 In German-American Genealogical Research, Monographs 1-3. 1976.] Smith discusses the background and how many deserted or were captured in the battle of Saratoga and became part of the convention army. Of the nearly 30,000 German troops brought over it is thought that 5723 were from Braunschweig [Monograph part 1]. This convention army was moved from Saratoga to Boston to Lancaster, Pennsylvania and then to Virginia. Many were hired out as farmers in Lancaster. One Heinrich indentured as a shoemaker.

On the personal side, Johann's physique was probably short and stocky. Johann could speak both German and English. In 1972, I visited the old Haacke house on lot 22, Con. 7 in Markham (still owned by the Warriner family) who purchased the land after George Haacke died in 1896. This large, old, brick home dates to the second half of the nineteenth century. It has a huge beam running under it as a foundation. The basement was evidently dug out first, and is where the family lived during its construction (so I was told by the Warriners). It

was only five feet, six inches (if that) high. Physicians tell us that the improved diet over the last hundred years accounts for the growth in height. Many Haacke men today are six feet tall on average.

There is also evidence that he could write because of documents discovered that were signed by him. His signature was not a rough scrawl, but a very neat, somewhat elegant signing. However, we are not sure if he could write beyond the extent of his signature. Johann and his children were Lutheran although some children were baptized at St. James Anglican Church (the oldest church in Toronto (York)). From the information available, Johann could be described as a hard-working, persistent man who fought for things that he believed were important. During the course of Johann's early years in Ontario (from 1792 to 1800) he had the opportunity to work for many different men – all prominent in the business of political world at that time.

The question of John's (John will often be substituted for Johann as it is also likely to have been done in his own time when English was the official language) birth has a potential answer through William Berczy's settlers list. He is listed here as being 25 years old and Hannah, 21. The problem is that this list was made up between 1800 and 1804. It says there are two children, Elizabeth and Mary. But a son David was born in 1801, 25 July (as is verified by the 1806 petition which states there are three children), so this information must have been acquired prior to 25 July 1801. This makes John's birth date 1775/6 and Hannah's 1779/80. If they married one year prior to Elizabeth's birth which would have been 1797/8, their wedding year would be 1796/7; i.e. they would be 17 and 21 when married (a very reasonable pair of ages). Where they married is unclear. They may have come to Fort Niagara in the U.S. or somewhere between there and New York City. Perhaps they had family back in New York State, where Hannah Adams is likely from.

II Early Records

The Berczy Connection: How did John come to be with William Berczy? When Berczy first arrived in America, he had planned to settle his people in the Genesee Valley. They arrived in 1792 in Philadelphia [3]. On 7 Feb., 1792, Lord Simcoe issued a proclamation which included an offer of 200 acres to an immigrant who would clear 5 acres, build a house and open a road across his land of one-quarter mile in length. Berczy had to convince his settlers to homestead in the rear of Toronto (after all they had come all the way from the originally promised Genesee Valley, which was yet another switch in their plans). Berczy crossed the Genesee River at Hartford on 15 April, 1794. In escaping from a group of settlers in New York, Berczy brought in boats from Niagara. Finally, in August, he succeeded in convincing the weary would be settlers to follow him to York.

Several scenarios suggest themselves for John having joined their group. First he could have run in with them almost immediately, although this seems unlikely as he claims to have been in Upper Canada since 1792 on his first petition. However, in 1795/6, there was evidently a great famine and the strife was such that many went back to Niagara for work. He may have done this and that is when he first worked for Crooks. The more likely scenario seems to have him in Niagara at the arrival of Berczy who first rented 15 boats with 3 armed men in each and Joseph Brant supplied some braves to get his people out of New York to Queenston. In the second half of August, 1794, all healthy men came to York along with 16 hired axemen and carpenters (and later about 30 others) from Niagara. John may have been one of these axemen. They camped at Queen and the west bank of the Don River as we know it today [3]. Why would John leave Niagara? Was it adventure for a 17 year old? Did he foresee the opening of new lands that he would likely be able to share in? Most probably. Further, it was clear that Governor John Graves Simcoe was going to build up York (now Toronto) and offer land in the vicinity. It would be a source of jobs and an opportunity to participate in the building of a new community.

After arriving in York, they were to head for Markham, but first carpenters started to square timber for a house and warehouse for Berczy while others were building bridges over the creeks crossing Yonge Street. Yonge Street and its frontage were kept for Berczy's special settlers; this would explain why John was not granted his petition for land there in 1800. Although, if land had been available and he had worked for Berczy, why not? Unfortunately, Berczy had fallen out of favour by this time with Simcoe and the Executive Council and was in jeopardy of losing his 64,000 acre land grant. Berczy's settler's list [4] was drawn up between 1800

and 1804. For example, George Quantz was born 30 Oct., 1783. He is listed as being 17 on Berczy's 1804 map (indicating an 1800 entry). As another example, Mary Anne Baettiger was born 10 Oct., 1788 and is listed as being 14 (along with her dad John Henry Baetjer who was 35) in the Fourth Concession (indicating an 1802 entry). John Haake [Haacke], the last on the page for the Fourth Con., [lot 17, W1/2] is given as 25 with wife Hannah 22 and children Elisabeth 3 and Mary Anne 1 [5] (indicating an 1800 entry).

Church Records: The earliest Lutheran church records for the Markham area were those of Rev. J. D. Peterson. The records show John David Steffens (b. 1827) and Maria Christina Rafael (c 1828) baptized by Rev. Peterson with John. Harke [Haacke] as a witness to both [2]. John and Hannah also attended St. James Anglican Church as evidenced by the baptisms of their two sons George and Henry on 12 Feb, 1811 which appears on the second page of the church record book [1]. This indicated that it was not uncommon for people to travel from Markham to Toronto for church and likely other events of the time. It is also of interest that they shared both their religions with their children as well.

Employment Records: During his 1792 to 1800 years, John claims to have worked for the following four men: Dickson, Crooks, Berczy and Allcock. From the dictionary of earlier Canadian history [6], one can glean the potential dates of service John had for them as follows: William Dickson from 1792-1793; James Crooks from 1793-1794; William Berczy from 1794-1798; and Henry Allcock from 1798-1800. The people he worked for are also an interesting source of speculation. William Dickson was a lawyer and a legislative councillor in Upper Canada in Newark or Niagara (today Niagara-on-the-Lake) coming to Canada in 1792. James Crooks (a local, well known merchant) was around from 1794 to 1800 in Niagara. However, he was born 1778 so maybe even older than John. Was this the same Crooks? Much later in 1831 he too became a member of the Legislative Council. William Berczy was in York from 1794 to 1798. Lastly, Henry Allcock was a Chief Justice from 1796 to 1799. In 1798, he was appointed Judge of the King's Bench in Upper Canada and in 1800 he was elected the first member of parliament from York [7]. In John's 1801 patent application below, he claims to have come to the Province with Berczy as Berczy and his entourage came from the Genesee Valley in New York where they had unfortunately failed to get the land they were originally promised. Hence, the above categorization of the times and order that John must have worked for the individuals.

III John Haacke and Hannah Adam's Family

John (a native of Germany) born was about 1775 married Hannah Adams about 1795. Hannah was from New York City and was born about 1779. She is said to have been related to the presidents of the United States, John Adams and John Quincy Adams. This family rumour stems from two of John's and Hannah's sons, David and Henry (whose families, until recently, have not been in contact with each other since roughly 1820). I have found no immediate proof of this relationship.

Their children included: Elisabeth, born circa 1797, married Dietrich Steffens. This family may have moved to Brock about 1830 and then they too vanish. Mary Anne, born circa 1799, died young. She may have been alive in 1806, when John states in his land petition that he had three children. David, born 1801, moved to Illinois in 1822. He went to Fort Peoria and then settled south of this in Canton, Fulton County, Illinois. He fought in the Black Hawk War [10] of 1834 and is said to have saved two of one of the Indian Chief's sons in battle. He became a captain then and may have known Abraham Lincoln at that time. He was married four times and has descendants today through his son John Haacke. Rachel (probably born between 1802 and 1809) married Christian Tipp and had two children: Johann and Nancy (she married Robert Oliver). Rachel died prior to Jan. 14, 1834 as on that date Christian remarried to Rebecca Mitchel. Christian's father was William Tipp (originally Tippe) also formerly in the Braunschweig militia in Uhler's company of the von Rhetz Regiment. Henry was baptized in 1810 with his brother George. He moved out to Goderich about 1834 probably following the opening of new lands there associated with the Canada Company. He was listed in the military in 1837 as a member of the temporary militia called up to protect people (or perhaps better the state) against a possible spreading of the MacKenzie Rebellion from Toronto. He was married twice: once to Nancy Alexander

in Markham in 1831; and the second time to Maria Rowse (Maria Tippet from her first marriage) in 1859. He had a son Arthur with Ann (the name Nancy went by) who moved to Manitoba; another son David moved to Montana (where there is a rivulet called Haacke Creek today [11]); and a third son George (by his second marriage) moved to Manitoba and then removed from Canada to Oregon in the USA.

Mary Anne married Joseph Fisher a son of Valentine (Veltie) Fisher from Vaughan Township. They moved about 1834 to the Goderich area where they raised a large family. They were part of a move of many of the original families from Markham out west to new farming lands offered by the Canada Company. Her brother Henry ended up nearby in Bayfield. Christina married Jacob Braendle; I have found no trace of her. There was, however, a Jacob Brendle in Waterloo Co., Ontario, but he was not married to a Christina. It has been suggested that this could be a Jacob Prindle rather than Braendle but there is no evidence for this at this time. Edward, born 1816, moved to Canton, Illinois to join his brother David in 1836. He married Harriet Porter in Canton and they moved later to Jo Daviess County in Illinois and then to Sidney, Iowa. He had 11 children all of whom changed their name to Hickey (the name Haacke is pronounced as Hickey in this farming community and in the mid-west United States). The male children of Edward were David, Edward, George, Isaac and Nathaniel.

George, my ancestor, stayed in Markham and married Sophia Quantz a grand-daughter of Melchior Quantz, who owned lot 13, Con. 1. They raised a family of 15 children. His children were: Hannah (b 1838) m John J. Lunau; Mathilda (b 1839) m William Fierheller; Mary Anne (b 1842) m Daniel S. Miller (a son of Ben Miller after whom the town near Goderich was named); William (b 1840) m Martha Ramsey; George (b 1843) m Hannah Ramsey a sister to Martha; Christina (b 1845) m John Barker; Caroline (b 1844) m John Lounsborough; Margaret (b 1848, d 1861); Sophia (b 1849) m William H. Heise; Amelia (b 1852) m George Heise a brother to William; Jane (b 1855, d 1861); John David (b 1856) m Zilpha E. Locke; Henry Edward (b 1858, d 1861); Arthur A. (b 1860) m Margaret C. Pearson and then Minnie M. Campbell; and Hannah Ellin (b 1863) m George Simpson.

George and Henry were listed jointly on a mortgage in 1834 between them and Thomas Robson. It was marked paid in 1836 and signed by Joseph Ridout. George Haacke signed in German (under Georg). Docket 11298, 6 Nov., 1834 between George Haacke and Henry Haacke, Yeomen of the first and second part and Thomas Robson, merchant of Toronto, third part. This witnessed by Joseph Ridout and George Cooper. Registered 2 Dec., 1834 at 1pm. On 1 Dec., 1836, the executors of Thomas Robson certified that George and Henry had paid their debt. Docket 13446. Executors were John Bell and John Eastwood. Witnesses were R. B. Miller and S. B. Fairbanks.

Variations on a theme of Haacke

An interesting thing about the name Haacke is the number of variations on the spelling. The name Haacke has been misspelled often, partly due to the pronunciation or interpretation of handwriting. For example:

Family experience: Haacke, Haykey, Hackie, Haackey, Haakey, Haacky, Hacka, Hacke

Canadian records: Harke, Harkee, Haackee, and sometimes even Haacke

United States: Hickey, Hackey, Haackie, Hackey

Similar sounding German names: Acha, Haga, Hage, Haage, Hage, Hake, Aache, Aachey

German variant: Hacke, Hake, Hache, Hagke, Haake

Misinterpretations from writing: Nooche, Heracke

Pronunciation: The above misspellings give a flavor as to the poor pronunciation. These variations emerge from different locations. The descendants of George in the Toronto and Ontario area pronounce the name as if it were phonetically spelled Haykey. The children of Henry and the western groups pronounce it Hackie. The descendants of both David and Edward in Illinois and Iowa pronounce it Hickey, since the long "a" sounds like an "i" in these areas.

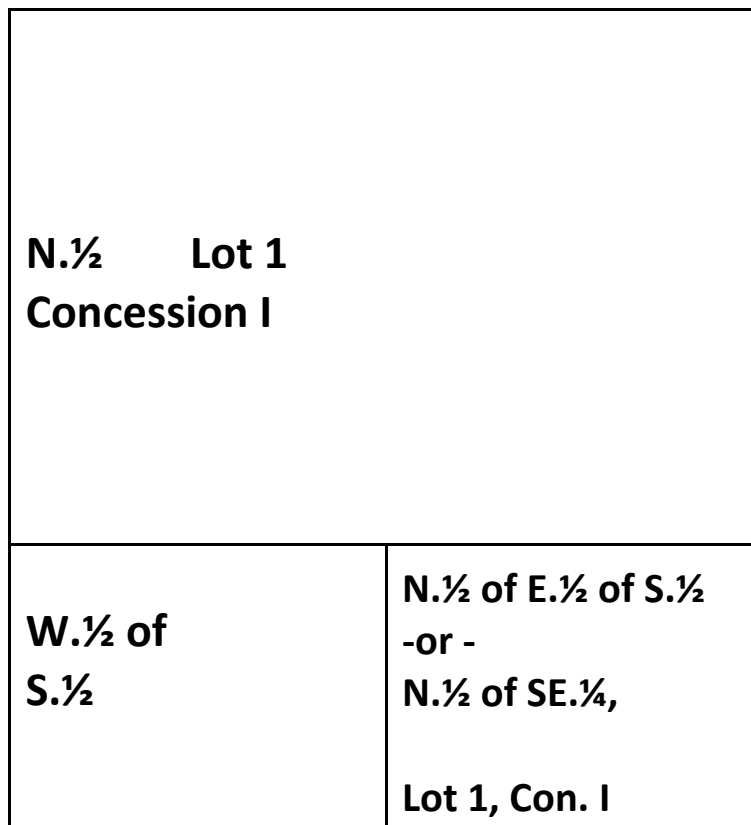
IV Military Service

Many farmers were called up to serve in the War of 1812. John was no exception. Pursuant to a general order in Council 19 Jan., 1820 re militia grants and under order 1226 of Adj. General of Militia - 29 July, 1820 grants John Hacky (Harkey?) [Haacke] a farmer as a private in Capt. Button's Troop of Cavalry of 1st Regiment of York Militia. John Harke [Haacke] given 100 acres lot 8, con. 7, submitted Tecumseh Township 16 Sept., 1822 cert. no. 862. Signed by Thomas Ridout [12]. He served between 2 July and 20 July in 1812, the remainder of the campaign he served by substitute. This was the information on the Ticket of Sale. He was also listed as private John Haacke in James Fenwick's Co., 1st Regiment, dated July, 1814.

V Land Records For John Haacke

John purchased land a number of times during his 40 some year tenure in Ontario. This includes: lot 17 W1/2 Con. 4 in Markham (1804-1810); lot 17 W1/2 Con. 5 in Markham (1810-1817) (granted for a term of 999 years with annual payment of one peppercorn if demanded); lot 33 N1/2 Con. C, Scarborough (1817-1831) (this land and the former were sold to William Allan); lot 9 N1/2, Scarborough (1817 - 1822) bought by D'Arcy Boulton, Jr. for L37; and lot 8, Con. 7, Tecumseh. At that time, the owners of new land had to clear it. It was already recorded on the 13th Sept., 1822 that he had cleared 1/2 road across the front of the lot, 1/2 acre cleared and fenced, and one house erected 16' by 20' on this Tecumseh lot.

In Upper Canada, all land first belonged to the government, or the King. Therefore, patents were received from "the Crown". A typical lot consisted of 200 acres of land. The diagram below shows how lots could be divided.



<p>-or-</p> <p>S.W.¼</p> <p>Lot 1</p> <p>Con. I</p>	<p>S. ½ of E. ½ of S. ½</p> <p>-or-</p> <p>S. ½ of SE. ¼,</p> <p>Lot 1, Con. I</p>
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Because every township has the same types of divisions – Concessions and lots within the concessions – each ‘address’ [concession and lot and township name] is provided with each transaction and each time the place where someone is living is mentioned – information provided by Ruth Burkholder.

The order in council of 20 Oct., 1818 stated that 5 acres of land had to be cleared and fenced along the road for each 100 acres and a house 16' by 20' had to be erected all in less than 18 months. Did John meet these conditions for Lot 9, N1/2, Con. 1 in Scarborough. Did he rent the land, use it for food or for a summer cottage? Yet, John sold soon lot 9, N1/2, conc. 1, in Scarborough shortly after buying it. He is mentioned as being from Markham in the deed of sale. Another question arises here. Why is John always selling his land or mortgaging from men like William Allan, with whom he had several transactions over many years, and then D'Arcy Boulton Jr.? His early 1800 petition said he worked for Allcock, Berczy, Crooks and Dickson all influential business or political figures. Is this the circle through which a farmer got to know such people? Or did these others interact a great deal with other farmers as well?

A hopeful lead arose from the early land records; he had farmed land on lot 30, con. 4 in Markham. Specifically, the record states, "Caused an allotment or appropriation of 14 and 2/7ths to be made in Lot 30 in the 4th Con. of the said Township of Markham" This turned out to be a clergy reserve lot and the Township papers reveal nothing about John using this land. Perhaps he had been allowed to lease it. Evidently, the lands had been promised or potentially leased to Christian Stickley. The latter gave up his rights for a few pounds to a Richard Lewis in 1840 when the land was officially parted from the Crown. The agreement between Stickley and Lewis had actually occurred on 29 March, 1832 for L5 when Richard Lewis purchased all 200 acres at a clergy reserve sale for L225. The Patent was not granted until paid for in June, 1843. Christian is listed on the 1795 Surveyor map (this only means that he was added sometime after that) and had wanted to buy the land in 1829. Curiously, John may have left Markham just prior to 1832. Was this why the transfer took place, since he was no longer on the land?

VI Land Petitions Chronologically Ordered

This was and is one of the most exciting and inspiring documents that I found in the Ontario archives on John Haacke. I started off believing that only my dad's grandfather or his father had been in Ontario. As I went back to the census records, I kept finding out that each generation further back was also born in Toronto or Markham. Then I found this exciting land petition. The people mentioned within were all very well-known and prominent men of their time.

Petition # 1 1800:

This record is filled with primary information [13]
 To His Excellency Peter Hunter Esquire
 Lieut. Governor of the Province of Upper

Canada etc. etc. etc.

In council

The Petition of John Haacke of York

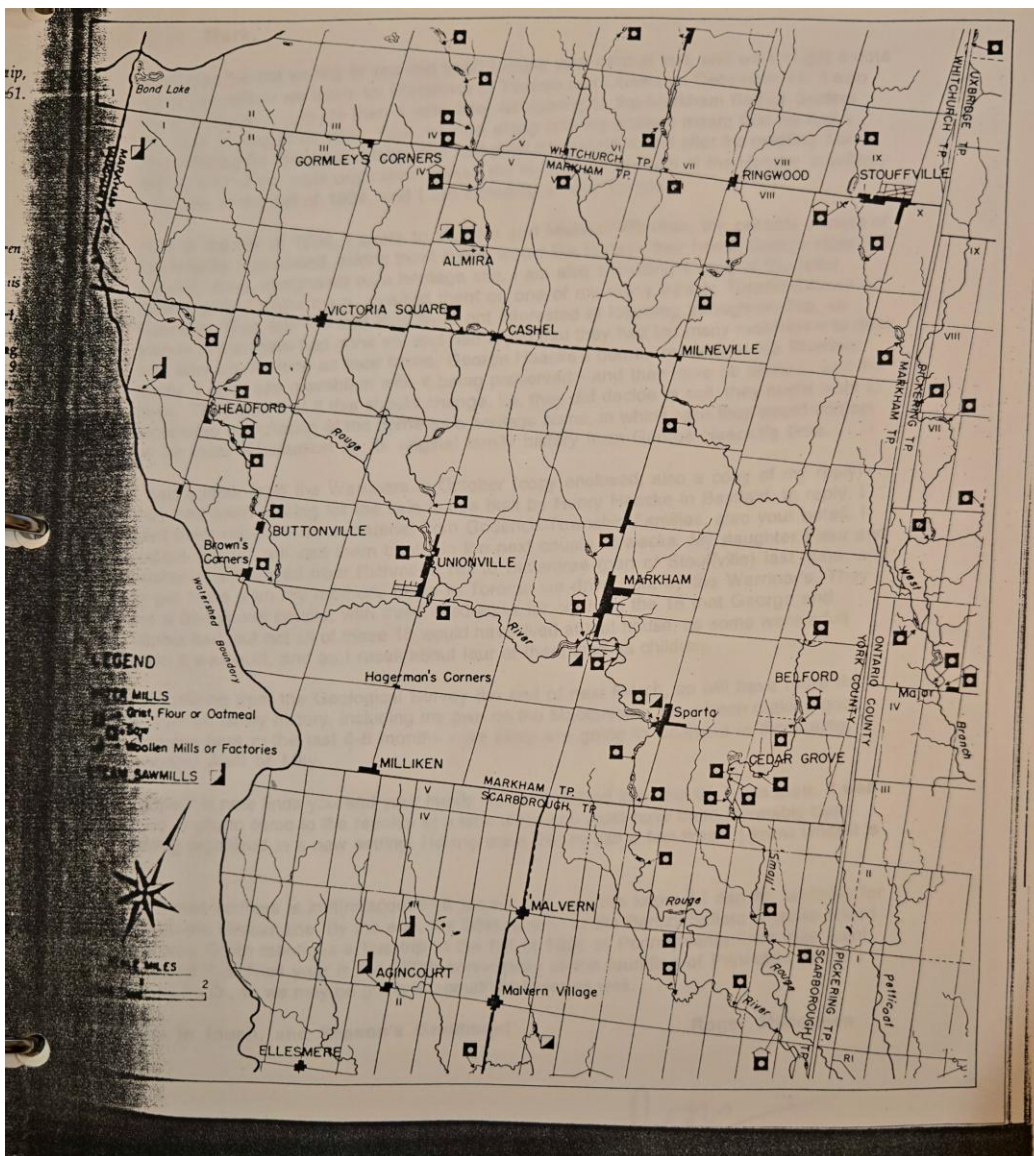
Humbly sheweth

That your Petitioner has been eight years in the Province & has a wife and two Children - That your Petitioner has lived in the families of Mr. Berczy - Mr. Dickson - Mr. Crooks & Mr. Justice Alcock, but unable to settle on a vacant lot of the Crown; your Petitioner therefore humbly prays your Excellency to grant him a Lot on Yonge Street, for immediate settlement and your petitioner as in duty bound shall ever pray -

John Haacke; (signed)

York 6 June 1800

On the front of the folded document in the Ontario Land Registry Office it has "no. 76 John Haacke Rec'. 10 June, 1800. Not recommended." and then someone's initials.



To His Excellency Peter Hunter-Quinn
Lieut. Governor of the Province of Upper
Canada &c. &c.

In Council -

The Petition of John Haacke
of York

Humbly sheweth

That your Petitioner has been Eight
Years in the Province, that a wife and two
Children - That your Petitioner has lived in
the families of Mr. Bogy - Mr. Dickson - Mr. Clarke &
Mr. Justice Meacock, but unable to support his
family by service, he is desirous to settle on a
vacant lot of the Crown; your Petitioner therefore
humbly prays your Excellency to grant him
a lot on Yonge Street, for immediate settlement
and your petitioner as in duty bound shall

Ever pray

John Haacke;

York 6 June 1800

Petition #2 1801:

Persevering for land [14]

To His Excellency Peter Hunter Esquire
Lieut. Governor of the Province of Upper
Canada etc. etc. etc.

In council

The Petition of John Harkee

Humbly sheweth

That your Petitioner has been for upwards of seven years an Inhabitant of
the Province having come into it at the same time with Mr. Berczy and his followers.

That your Petitioner is married and has his wife & family in this Province &
has never drawn any land That your Petitioner has now the means of improving a farm to advantage having of
his own property a yoke of large oxen and yoke of steers and two milk cows with all necessary farming
utensils.

Wherefore your Petitioner prays
for a location of two hundred acres of land
and to be permitted to locate the same
in Markham if any be vacant in that
Township and as in duty bound he will
pray etc. John Haacke (signed)

York 22 Sept., 1801

On the back, it gives the name as John Harkee and the same date as above with not recommended at the bottom.

This certainly justifies my assumption that he came in with Berczy's group (but not likely one of them) as they passed through Niagara. But why does he not mention the other men? Perhaps the 7 years now refers to his time in Markham rather than total time in the Province. Does Niagara not count as part of the Province? Did he live in the U.S. in Fort Niagara and simply work in Niagara and hence could not legitimately claim those two years? Or, was he advised not to claim them? It was required at this time that one be 7 years in the province to be eligible for land so this may be no more than simply making it clear that he met this criterion.

Also, in 1806, he says he has been only 5 years in the province. Did he then go home to New York (perhaps to his wife's family) and get some help via cattle, money, etc.? In 1817, he states he has been in the Province 15 years. When John says he "has now the means of improving a farm", does this mean he had just returned from New York state having received help from his family in obtaining livestock and tools? Or, perhaps he was befriended by someone in Berczy's group. Was he refused his first application because he lacked them? The early settlers were often supplied tools and provisions. John seems to have had to fight hard to attain his goal of land in Ontario; land which he helped to develop. The tools of the U.S. might have been just the quality and variety he needed to do a good job. Furthermore, by this time, he may have been squatting on the same land for years and already have done a good job clearing the land (see the Berczy 1800 census).

To His Excellency Peter Hunter Esquire
Lieutenant Governor of the Province of
Upper Canada &c. &c. &c. in Council
The Petition of John Hunter

Humbly Sheweth

That your Petitioner has been
in upwards of seven years an Inhabitant of
the Province having come into it at the same
time with Mr. Bergey and his followers

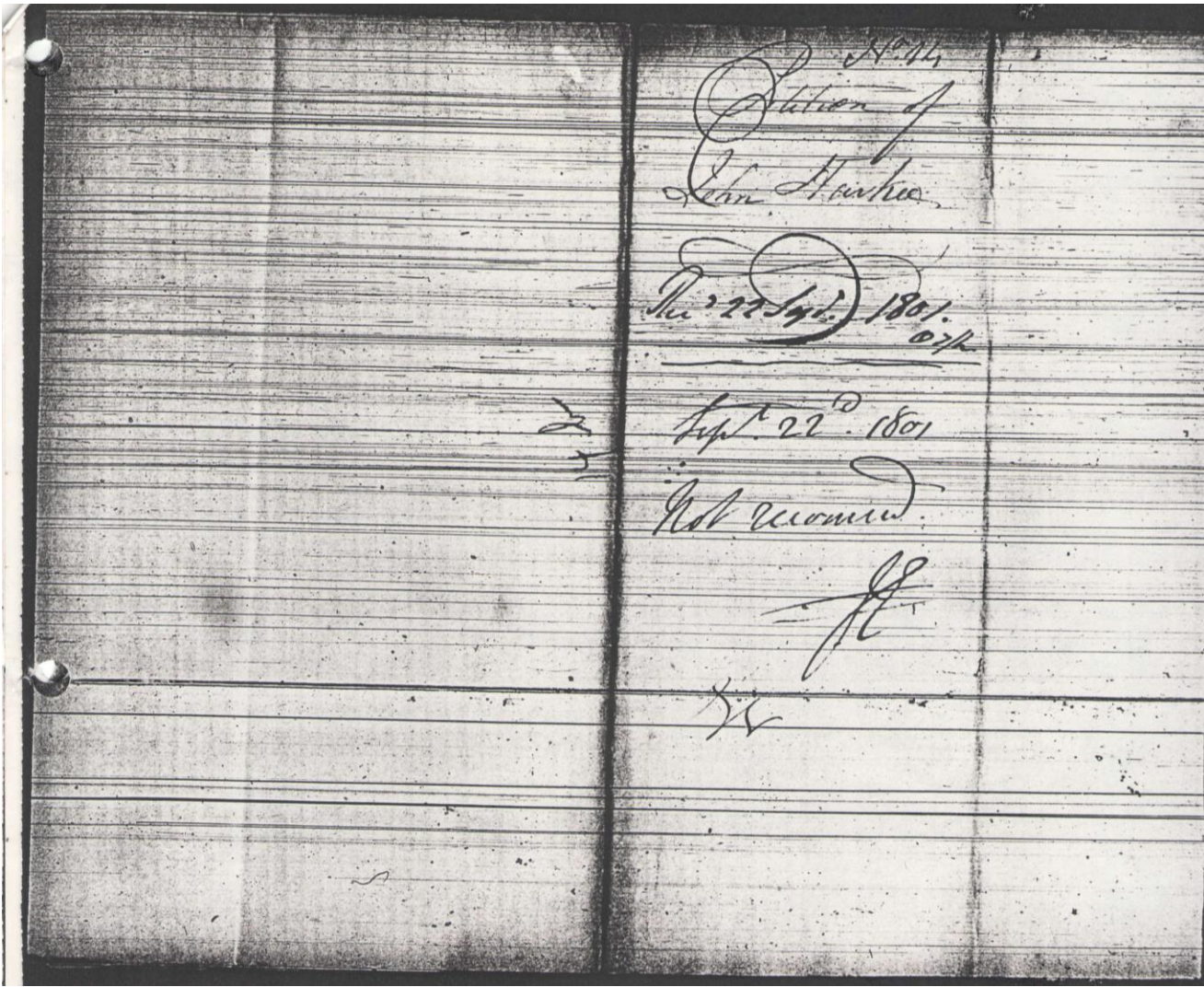
That your Petitioner is married
and has his wife & family in this Province &
has never drawn any Land

That your Petitioner has now
the means of improving a farm to advantage
having

140
having of his own property a yoke of large oxen
a yoke of Steers and two Milch Cows with
all necessary farming utensils.

Wherefore Your Petitioner prays
for a location of two Hundred Acres of land,
and to be permitted to locate the same
in Markham if any be vacant in that
Township and as in duty bound he will
pray &c. — John Haacker

York 22nd Sept. 1847



This raises the question as to John's occupation. Was he a man servant such as a footman? Did he work around the house? Did he run errands for their businesses? When he did not get this grant, he may have packed up and left, only to return the next year. If so, he likely came back better prepared; perhaps with some support from his wife's family or his own maybe back in New York City or New York State somewhere. Why come back to York though? What attraction did it have? Was he not too keen on farming even though he ended up getting 100 acres on W1/2 lot 17 con. 4? Perhaps it would help to know what York offered then. Recall, too, that it was only eleven years to the 1812 war. Were there already antagonists between the two countries? Was John a supporter of the British? Could his dad have been Heinrich Haacke, the soldier, later shoemaker, indentured in the United States? Remember the Brunswick soldiers had been brought over by the British to fight against the Americans.

It is interesting to note that the Council Chamber chairman was none other than H. Allcock who also signed the claim description later for approval when John eventually got land in Markham in 1804. In fact, all his land transactions, even those from Scarborough, show him as a resident of Markham. Could he have maintained this small piece of land referred to above (the clergy reserves of con. 4, lot 30, with 14 and 2/3 acres)? His sons Henry and George were listed as being from Markham when they were married. Both of them also bought land in Markham as well before Henry moved to Goderich.

140

having of his own property a yoke of large oxen
a yoke of steers and two Milch Cows with
all necessary farming utensils

Wherefore Your Petitioner prays
for a location of two Hundred Acres of land
and to be permitted to locate the same
in Markham if any be vacant in that
Township and as in duty bound he will
pray &c

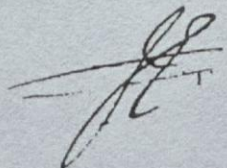
John Haacke

York 21st Sept 1801

N^o 74
Order of
John Hawkes.

The 22^d Sept. 1801.
07/2

Sept. 22^d 1801
Not received



22

Then we have this fiat, it was a very lucky find, buried in a folder in the Ontario Archives showing he received W1/2 of Lot 17. Note, his name is indeed spelled correctly.

0740

No. 5134.

Province of Upper Canada.

GRANT to *John Haacke*.

of the Township of *Markham* in the County of
York in the *Home* District *Geoman*

The west half of Lot No. 17:

in the *4th* *1st* Concession of the said Township of
Markham.

30th Claim Home
Comm^d 100^{ls}
To

The SURVEYOR GENERAL,
Etc. Etc. Etc. }

Fiat

Thos Survey

July 27th 1804

Petition #3 1806:

And yet another petition, now for more land [15].

To His Honour Alexander Grant Esqr
President of Upper Canada etc. etc. etc.

In Council

The Petition of John Harkey Yeoman,
Humbly Sheweth

That Petitioner came into this province more than five years ago, and has resided here ever since, has a wife and three children. He purchased one hundred acres of land in the Township of Markham where he now lives, and has a good stock of Horned Cattle, Horses, Sheep and Hogs_

Your Honored Petitioner finding the small tract of land he purchased insufficient for himself and an increasing family. Humbly prays for a grant of such portion of the waste lands of the Crown as in your Honour, Wisdom You shall think fit to give him, and he will as in Duty bound for every Pray ...

York 3rd May 1806 John Haacke

On the back of the folded papers appears the following four sets of notes:

The Petition of John Harkey Yeoman. Read in Council 17 June, 1806. The petition of John Haacke recommended for a grant of 200 acres of land under the Regulation and upon the 6 July, 1804 approved signed A. Grant President also Peter Russell Presiding Councillor. Grant 1148 issued 22 July, 1817 under authority of O.C. [Order in Council] 19th of the same month which on his petition read that day. John Haacke has paid into this office proportion of Fees belonging to the Crown on a Grant of Land for 200 acres and also the Fees of Survey under the Regulation of 1804.

L4. 0.8 Crown Fee

L1. 4.9 Survey Fee

L5. 5.5 total??? for the Receiver General

To John Small, Esquire Clerk of the Executive Council

No. 67 York 22 Feby. 1817

Received the Land Granting Office fees

L2.18.8 Saml. Ridout

To His Honour Alexander Grant Esq

4

President of Upper Canada &c &c &c

In Council

The Petition of John Hasky Yeoman,

Assembly Sheweth,

That Petitioner came into this Province more than five Years ago, and has resided here ever since, has a Wife & three Children. He purchased One hundred Acres of Land in the Township of Markham, where he now lives, & has a good Stock of Horned Cattle, Horns Sheep and Hogs —

Your Honours Petitioner finding the small tract of Land he purchased insufficient for himself and an increasing family, Humbly Prays for a grant of such portion of the Waste Lands of the Crown as in Your Honours Wisdom You shall think fit to give him, And he will as in Duty bound for ever Pray —

York 3^d May 1806

John Haacker

4a

Receiver General's Office,
York, 22 February 1817

Pl. No. 1169
John Frazer

has paid into this Office the proportion of
Acres, and
also the Fees of Survey under the Regulation of 1787

£ 4.0.8	Crown Fee.
£ 1.4.9	Survey Fee.
£ 5.5.5	<u> </u>

for the Receiver General
[Signature]

To JOHN SMALL, Esquire,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

No. 67. York 22. Feb. 1817. Received the said Granting Office fees -
of £ 2. 18. 8. Steel.

The Petition of John
Harkey - Farmer

48

PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF CANADA

John Harkey 274
John Harkey 274
No. 118

Received from the President's

Office 6th May 1806
J. Harkey

281.
President's Office
York 6 May 1806

Referred to the Executive
Council By order of the
President

Wm. Harkey

C. C. in the Room of the
President

Entered in diary Book G
page 74.

President's Council 17 June 1806
John Harkey recommended for a grant of
the sum of £1000 under the Regulations and upon the 6th
1804 approved
Approved
President
Wm. Harkey
President's Council
Wm. Harkey 22 Feb 1807
under authority of Act in Queen's Bench, that
in a Bill, Harkey and Harkey

Petition #4 1817 [16]

To his Excellency Francis Gore Esquire Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Upper Canada etc etc
etc_____In Council.

The Petition of John Haacke of Markham Yeoman

Humbly Sheweth

That your petitioner is a native of Germany has resided in this province 15 years_ has taken the oath of allegiance and did his duty in defense of the Province during the late War faithfully, as will appear to your Excellency by the annexed Certificate That on the 17th June, 1806 Your Petitioner was granted 200 acres of the waste Lands of the Crown which from misfortunes and distress he has hitherto been unable to pay the usual office fees for, in consequence of which it still remains unlocated. That being now prepared to comply with the customary Regulations Your Petitioner humbly prays Your Excellency would be pleased to permit the above mentioned Order in Council in his favor to be now carried into effect_

And Your Petitioner shall ever pray

(signed) John Haacke
York 11th February 1817

To His Excellency ¹⁷ ^[Gore] ~~James Gore~~
^[Esquire] Lieutenant Governor of the
Province of Upper Canada &c,
&c &c ^[In Council] ~~Colonel~~

The Petition of John Haacke
of Northam Town

Sheweth

That Your Petitioner is a
Native of Germany has resided in
this Province 15 Years - has taken the
Oath of Allegiance - and did his
Duty in defence of the Province
during the late War faithfully, as
will appear to Your Excellency by the
annexed Certificate - That on the
17th June 1806 Your Petitioner was
granted 200 Acres of the waste
Lands of the Crown which from
misfortunes and distress he has
hitherto been unable to pay the
Office fees for, in consequence of

Now

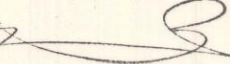
which if still remains unlocated,
That being now prepared to comply
with the customary Regulations Your
Petitioner humbly prays Your
Excellency would be pleased to
permit the above mentioned ^[order] Order
in Council in his favor to be now
carried into effect —

And your Petitioner shall ^[shall]

^[ever pray]
^[ever pray]

John Hoacke,

Yth 21 February

1817 

1

1

Further Old York land documents: mortgages and deeds

These documents include an 1810 deed between John William Neuschultz and John Haacke for the sale of lot 17, west half, concession 5 for L125 [17]. They are both referred to as yeomen. Ten acres is reserved for Neuschultz and his father. It was signed by John Haacke and witnessed by John Bassell and Thomas Ridout.

A Memorial to be registered pursuant to the Statute in
such case made and provided
Of an Indenture of Bargain and Sale made at York
in the County of York and Home District of the Pro:
:vince of Upper Canada on the Second day of Novem:
:ber in the year of our Lord one Thousand Eight
:Hundred and Ten Between John William Neuschultz
of the Township of Markham in the County District and
Province above said yeoman of the one part and
John Haacke of the same Township yeoman of the
other part. Whereby the said John William Neuschultz
for and in consideration of the sum of one Hundred
and twenty five pounds of lawful money of said
Province to him in hand paid by the said John
Haacke the receipt whereof is thereby acknowledged
Did grant bargain sell alien transfer convey and
confer unto the said John Haacke his heirs and
assigns for ever All and Singular that certain tract or
parcel of Land Situate lying and being in the Town:
:ship of Markham in the County of York and Home
District in the Province of Upper Canada known and
described by the front or west part of Lot number Seventeen
in the fifth concession of the said Township of Markham
containing by admeasurement one hundred and thirty
aces be the same more or less which said one Hundred
and thirty aces of land are called and bounded or
may be otherwise known as follows that is to say
Commencing in front of the said concession at the
South west angle of the said lot: Then north nine
degrees west twenty chains: Then north Seventy four
degrees East: Sixty five chains: Then South nine
degrees East twenty chains: Then South Seventy
four

four degrees West Sixty five chains to the place of
beginning. Under the following reservation that is to say
saving and reserving of and from, the South west corner
of said lot. a certain tract of land, containing ten acres
and is bounded as follows. that is to say. Commencing
at the South west angle of said lot. Then North Seventy
four degrees East ten chains: Then North nine degrees
West ten chains: Then South Seventy four degrees
West ten chains. Then South nine degrees East ten
chains to the place of beginning. which said reservation
of ten acres. it is the intent and meaning of those presents
that the said John William Neuschultz, and his Father
and Mother, shall enjoy and live on, without the
interruption of the said John Haacke, his heirs & assigns
for and during their natural lives. to the sole and
proper use benefit and behoof. of the said John William
Neuschultz and his Father and Mother for and during
the full period of their natural lives. and no longer
To gether with all houses outhouses, woods and waters
thereon erected lying and being. and all and
singular the hereditaments, and appurtenances, to
the said premises. in any wise belonging. and the
reversions and reversions, remainders and remainders
rents issues, and profits thereof. And all the Estate -
right title, interest, claim property and demand
whatsoever either at law or in equity of him the said
John William Neuschultz. of in to or out of the same.
and every part thereof. To Have and To Hold the
same with the appurtenances said and discharged
from all incumbrances whatsoever unto the said
John

John Haacke his heirs and assigns to the sole and
proper use benefit and behoof of the said John
Haacke his heirs and assigns for ever. Which
said Indenture is witnessed by John Bapell of the
Town of York aforesaid yeoman and Thomas
Gibbs Ricdout of the same place Gentleman,

And this Memorial thereof is hereby required to be
required pursuant to said act by me the said
John Haacke the Grantee therein named. —

As witness my hand and seal at York aforesaid
this second day of November in the year of our
Lord one thousand eight hundred and ten.

Given and Sealed
in the presence of us
John Bapell
Tho: G. Ricdout

John Haacke

John Bapell do make oath that I was personally
present and did see John William Neuschultz sign
and deliver the Indenture of bargain and sale
in the within memorial mentioned as his att
and deed also did see John Haacke the Grantee
therein named sign and seal this memorial
for the contents thereof

Sworn before me
this 3rd November 1810
Tho: G. Ricdout
Dep: C. C.

John Bapell

Northham

Memoria D. V.

No. 1532. E. P.

Presented on the

quint day of November

our hundred Eight

hundred and ten

at Ten o'clock in

the forenoon

John D. W.

July 1945-196

Nums. 15: 1532 W.

Thos. P. Davis

Sept. 1902

In 1811, John sold lot 17, west half, concession 4 to Christian Bouch of Londonderry Twp. for L275. It was signed by John Haacke and witnessed by William Allan. In the witness oath, the name was spelled Hackey. The next memorial for con. 5, lot 17 outlines the same land with the same reservation on 15 May, 1817 from John and Hannah his wife to William Allan for L250 [17]. The witnesses were Samuel T. Jarvis and John W. Gamble. The Registrar was D. Cameron.

A Memorial to be registered pursuant to
the Statute in such case made & provided.

(In an Indenture of Bargain & Sale
bearing date the first day of July in the year
of our Lord one thousand eight hundred & eleven
made between John Haacke of the Township of
Markham in the County of York and Home District
of the Province of Upper Canada, German of the one part,
and Christian Bouch of the Township of Londonderry,
and County of Dauphin in the State of Pennsylvania
German of the other part whereby it is witnessed
that the said John Haacke for and in consideration
of the sum of Two hundred and seventy five pounds of
lawful money of said Province to him in hand paid
by the said Christian Bouch the receipt whereof is
thereby acknowledged did grant bargain, sell
alien, convey and confirm unto the said Christian
Bouch his heirs and assigns. All that parcel or
tract of land situated, lying and being in the Township
of Markham, in the County of York and Home District
of the said Province of Upper Canada, being composed
of the West half of lot number Sixteen in the
fourth Concession of the said Township of Markham
containing by admeasurement One hundred Acres
be the same more or less, which said One hundred
Acres of land are better and bounded on maybe

Wherein known as follows that is to say, Commencing
in front of the said Conception, at the South West angle of
the said lot: Then north seventy four degrees east, fifty
Chains, more or less, to the center of the said Conception, then
North nine degrees West, twenty Chains more or less
to the line between lots number seventeen and eighteen
Then South seventy four degrees West, fifty Chains more
or less to the allowance for roads in front of the said
Conception; Then South nine degrees East, twenty Chains
more or less to the place of beginning. Together with all
houses, outhouses, woods and waters there or erected,
lying, and being, and all and singular the heredi-
taments and appurtenances to the said parcel or
tract of land belonging or in anywise appertaining
and the reversion and reversion, remainder and
remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof; And
also all the Estate, right, title, interest claim, property
and demand whatsoever, either at law or in equity
of him the said John Baacke first or out after
same and every part thereof. to have and to hold
the said parcel or tract of land and premises,
free and discharged from all incumbrances
whatsoever unto the said Christian Bouch his
heirs and assigns, to the only proper use, benefits,
and behoof of him the said Christian Bouch his
heirs

hires and assigns for law. Which said Indenture
of Bargain and Sale is Witnessed by William Jarvis
of the Town of York merchant and William
Allan of the same place Esquire and this
Memorial thereof is hereby required pursuant to
the said Statute to be registered by the Grantor
therein named. Witness his hand and seal at
York aforesaid -

Signed and Sealed }
in presence of }
W. Allan }
———— }
Witnesses }

John Haaskey



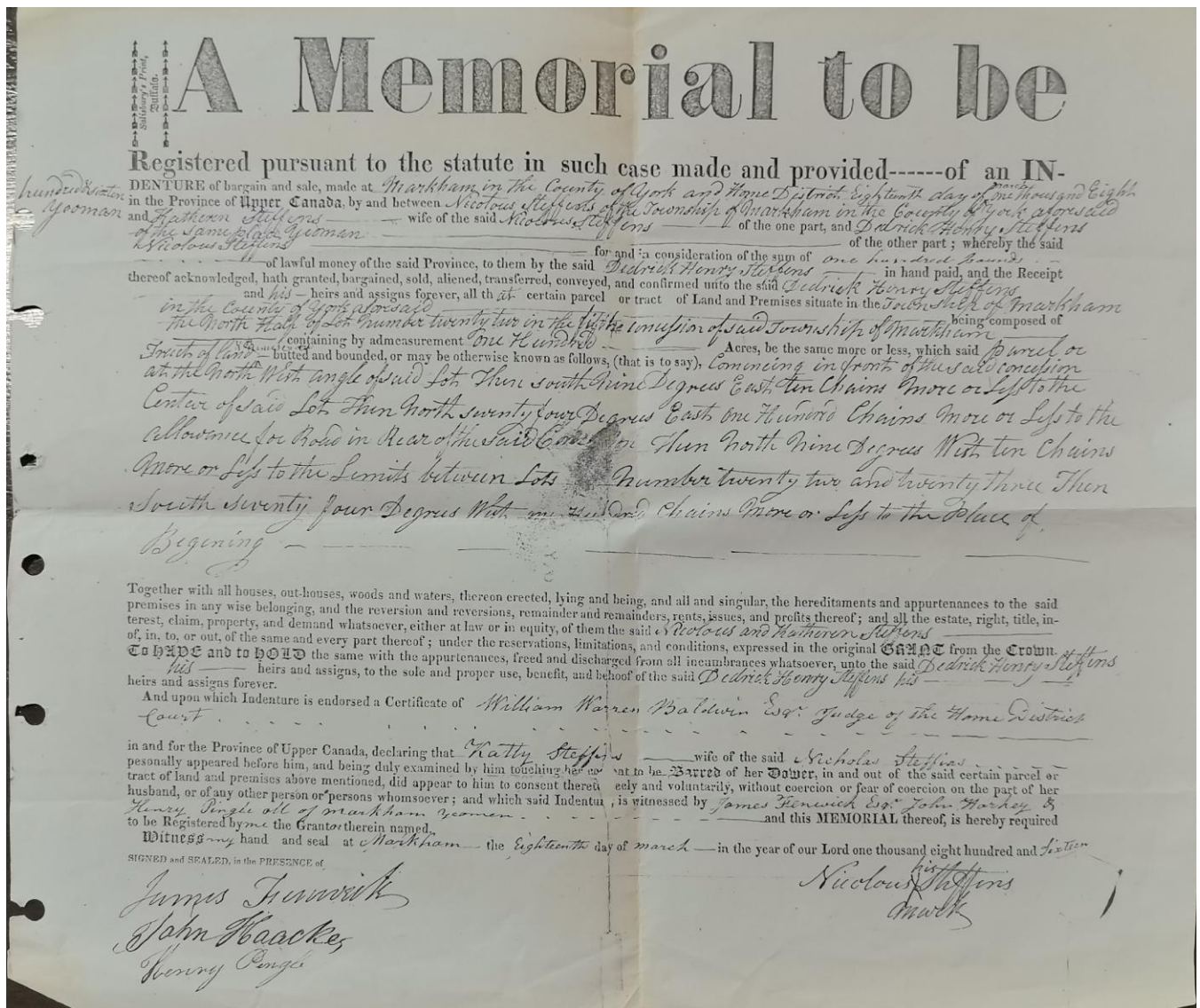
I William Allan make oath that I was personally present, and
did see John Haaskey Esq, Seal and deliver in his Act and
deed the Indenture of Bargain & Sale of what this is a Memorial
and also that I was personally present and did see the said
Grantor Esq Seal this Memorial for the Registry thereof
before me at
York 2 July 1811.

W. Allan
CS

A document which proved to be important as a verification of the relationship between Dedrick Steffens and his wife Elizabeth was a memorial for L100 between Dedrick Henry Steffens and Nicholas and his wife Katherine (Katy). This had to do with the S half, lot 22, con. 5 Markham Township. At the end appears a statement that Katherine [17] appeared before William Warren Baldwin, Judge of the Home District to relinquish any of her hold on the property. The document was signed by James Fenwick, John Haacke (listed as Harkey in the written portion) and Henry Pingle. At a later date, George Haacke (John's son) signed a paper stating that the loan was completed for Dedrick Steffins. John Nicholas Steffens (Steffans, Stephens) and his wife Helena had a son Dietrich. They drew lot 22, concession 5 nd patented it in 1809. There was another John Stephens and wife Elisabeth on Lot 25, Con 6.

A note I made, was for a Henrietta Pringle widow of Hamilton. A certain deed #5580 to George Haacke, 29 March, 1886 for E ½ L 15,16, 6 con. I have no other records of this transaction. George was 76 years old then.

Another document between Dietrich Steffins and his parents from 1816. Dietrich is referred to as Dietrich Henry Steffens and his parents as Nicholas and Katheren Steffens. Another signature by John Haacke as a witness since Elizabeth was to marry Dietrich shortly thereafter as her first child was born in 1819 or she may even have already been married to him despite his being 13 years older than her.



Martham
Memorial n^o 2781 v
Nicholas Steffens ^{O.Y.}
To
Dedrick W Steffens —
This memorial proved
& registered on the
22. march 1815 at
9 a'clock in the fore-
noon —
Book **E**
Folio 702 & 703 —
Ezek. Benson
Depty Reg.
(11)

I James Fenwick make oath & say that I was personally
present and did see Nicholas Steffens Sign Seal and
Deliver as his act and Deed the Indenture of Bargain
and Sale of which this is a memorial, also that I was
personally present & did see the said Nicholas Steffens
the Grantor Sign & Seal this memorial for the registry
thereof & that I was a Subscribing witness to the said Deed.
sworn before me at
York 22. march 1815
Ezek. Benson
Depty Reg.

James Fenwick

William Allen enters the picture again in 1817 when John mortgaged some of his Scarborough lands (N half, lot 33, in the broken concession) for 5 schillings of [17]. The deed was witnessed by Samuel P. Jarvis and John W. Gamble of the Town of York. In 1831, John sold him the land for L250. This time Clarke Gamble was the witness. A copy of the deed between Johann Haacke and William Allen from 15 May 1817:

A Memorial, to be Registered pursuant
to the Statute in such case made and Provided
of an Indenture made the fifteenth day of May in the
year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
seventeen, between John Haacke of the Township of
Markham, in the County of York in the Home District
and Province of Upper Canada yeoman, and
Hannah his Wife, of the one part, and William
Allen of the Town of York in the County District
and Province aforesaid Esquire of the other part
Whereby it is witnessed that for and in consi-
deration of the sum of Two hundred and fifty
four Pounds of lawful money of Upper Canada
aforesaid by the said William Allen to the said
John Haacke and Hannah his Wife in hand
well and truly Paid at or before the Executing
and Delivery of the said Presents the Receipt
whereof they the said John Haacke and Hannah
his Wife did thereby acknowledge They the
said John Haacke and Hannah his Wife
have and each of them hath Granted Conquered
sold aliened released conveyed and confirmed
unto the said William Allen his heirs and
assigns for Ever All that certain Parcel or
tract of land situate lying and being in
the Township of Markham in the County
of York in the Home District and Province
aforesaid Being the front or West part
of lot Number seventeen in the fifth
concession of the said Township of

Markham containing by Admeasurement
One hundred and thirty acres be the same
more or less which said parcel or tract of
land is Bounded and Boundeth or may be
otherwise known as follows that is to say
Commencing in front of the said Concession
at the South West Angle of the said Lot
Then North nine Degrees West twenty Chains
Then North seventy four Degrees East sixty feet
Chains Then South nine Degrees East twenty
Chains Then South seventy four Degrees
West sixty feet Chains more or less to the

Place of Beginning Under the following
Reservation that is to say Saving and
Reserving of and from the South West
Corner of said Lot a certain tract of
land containing ten acres and is bounded
as follows that is to say Commencing at the
South West Angle of said Lot Then North
seventy four Degrees East ten Chains
Then North nine Degrees West ten Chains
Then South seventy four Degrees West
ten Chains Then South nine Degrees East
ten Chains to the Place of Beginning
Which said Reservation of Ten acres
it is the intent and meaning of these

Presents that the said John William
Kenschultz, of the Township of Markham
in the County District and Province
aforesaid and his Father and Mother

shall enjoy and hold on without
the Interruption of the said John Haack
his heirs and assigns for and during
their natural lives to the sole and
proper use benefit and behoof of the
said John Williams Neuschultz and
his Father and Mother for and during
the full period of their natural lives
and no longer Together with all
Houses Outhouses Woods Ways Waters
water courses profits Commodities heredita-
ments and Appurtenances thereon erected
lying and being and the Reversion and
Reversions Remainder and Remainders
Rents Issues and Profits thereof and
of every Part and Parcel thereof with
their and every of their Appurtenances
AND also all the Estate Right Title
Interest trust Claim Property and
Remainder whatsoever either at Law
or in Equity of them the said John
Haack and Hannah his Wife of in
to or out of the same and of every
Part and Parcel thereof To have
and to hold the said Parcels or part
of hand and all other the Premises
thereby Granted Bargained and
sold or mentioned or intended to
be thereby Granted Bargained and
sold and every part and Parcel thereof
with their and every of their Appurtenances

unto the said William Allan his
heirs and assigns for ever to the only
Proprietor's Benefit and School of
the said William Allan his heirs
and assigns for ever.

Which said indenture is witnessed
by Sam^r P. Jarvis and John W. Gumble
both of the Town of York, County of Worcester
at one of the ^{gentlemen}
and is hereby required to be Registered
by me the said John Haacke

the Grantor in the said deed witness
my hand and Seal this fifteenth day
of May in the year of our Lord one
thousand Eight hundred and

Seventeen.

Witness } John Haacke
Sam^r P. Jarvis

John W. Gumble

I John W. Gumble of York Gentleman make oath that I was personally
present and did see John Haacke Sign Seal, and deliver in his last and true
Indenture of Bargain and Sale of which this is a Memorial also that I was personally
Present and did see the said Grantor sign and seal the Memorial for the
Registry thereof, and that I am a subscribing Witness to the said

Memorial
Taken before me at
York the 17 May 1817
J. Cameron Regy

John W. Gumble

An earlier deed exists for the sale of his 1812 war land in Simcoe County [17]. He sold N half, lot 9, con. 1 in Tecumseh Twp. to D'Arcy Boulton the younger of York, Squire. The witnesses were William Proudfoot, Gentleman, and John Gray, Carpenter, both of York. Samuel Jarvis also signed it in his official capacity as registrar. A copy of the deed between Johann Haacke and D'Arcy Boulton the younger from 03 Feb 1822:

Memorial to be registered
to the Statute in such case made &
passed of an Indenture of Mortgage
Hale made & bearing date the twenty
third day of February in the year of our
Lord one thousand eight hundred
Twenty two Between John Haacke
of the Township of Markham in
the Home District of Upper Canada
Gentleman of the one part and D'Arcy
Boulton the younger of the Town of
York in said District Esquire of the
other part whereby it is testified that
there was John Haacke for and in
consideration of the sum of Thirty
seven pounds of lawful money
of said Province did the said John
Haacke release and confirm
unto the said D'Arcy Boulton the younger
his heirs and assigns all that
parcel or part of Land & premises
situate lying and being in the Town-
ship of Leaborn in said District being
the North half of Lot Number one
in the first concession of said Township
together with all the woods and
waters therein created lying and

being and the revenue and
reversion remainder and remain-
der yearly and the rents issues
and profits thereof I have and
hold to the said parcel of
Land of my own thereby granted
bargained & sold unto the said
Darey Borton the younger his
heirs and assigns to the only
proper use benefit & behoof of the
said Darey Borton the younger
his heirs and assigns forever

Which said indenture of bargain
and sale is witnessed by William
Pondfoot of the said town of
York gentleman and John Gray
of the same town of York Carpenter
and is hereby required to be registered
of me the said Darey Borton
the younger the grantee in
witness whereof I have hereunto set
of my hand that this twenty
third day of February in the Year
our Lord one thousand eight hundred
and twenty two D. Borton

Witness my hand & seal of office
this 23rd day of February 1822
John Gray

VII Summary and Conclusions

The early Ontario land petition records show John Haacke as arriving in Ontario in 1792 likely through Niagara-on-the-Lake. He fought in the war of 1812 in the Cavalry of one of the Markham divisions, in York Co., Ontario. He farmed in Markham and raised his family in that vicinity until the early 1830's. After 1831, he disappears from Ontario records. John Haacke entered the region of Niagara-on-the-lake about 1792. He married and lived with his family in Markham from roughly 1794 to 1831. Obtaining land was difficult, but he managed and may have used it to help start his children on their own. After this period, he disappears from the record books, perhaps returning whence he came, possibly somewhere in New York State. Where was his hometown in the United States (New York)? Knowing this, it might be possible to continue this story. Likewise, finding his resting place and that of his wife Hannah could also lead to more information about their past.

One of John's early land petitions states he was a native of Germany. One likely possibility is that John was the son of one of the Brunswick mercenary soldiers who fought in the 1776 revolutionary war. Of the four Haacke men listed in the Brunswick records, one Heinrich was indentured at the end of the war and apparently stayed in the United States [19]. It may be he settled in Pennsylvania or New York and could be John's father. Henry is a very common name in the family and may be the name of their second son. John and Hannah may have married and lived for some time in New York State or met in Ontario and married back in New York. Their arrival into Upper Canada was likely through Niagara-on-the-Lake where John appears to have worked for a few years from 1792 to 1794. Where they finally ended up in the 1830's, I still do not know.

Generation No. 2

Elisabeth² Haacke (Johann¹) was born in 1797. She married **Dietrich Steffins**. He was born May 7, 1784 in Germany. He died known as **Richard Steffins**, June 17, 1862, he was 78 years, 1 month and 11 days.

Children of Elisabeth Haacke and Dietrich Steffins:

- i. Catherine Elisabeth³ Steffens, born 08 Jun 1819; died 16 May 1908.
- ii. Nicholas Steffins, born circa 1820; died 12 Oct 1893
- iii. Johann Wilhelm Steffins, born 17 Feb 1821.
- iv. Metta [Martha] Sophia Steffins, born 18 Dec 1822; died 17 Aug 1902.
- v. Mina Elesia Steffins, born 05 Feb 1825.
- vi. Johann David Steffins, born 26 Feb 1827.
- vii. Maria Christina Rachel Steffins, born 06 Jun 1828.
- viii. Rachel Steffins, born 17 May 1830.
- ix. George Nicholas Steffins, born 17 Apr 1832.

David Haacke (Johann¹) was born 25 Jul 1801 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 09 Nov 1888 in Fulton County, Illinois. He married **(1) Margaret Barker** in 1823. She was born in Tazewell County, Illinois. He married **(2) Sarah Bull** 22 Jan 1837. She died before 06 Nov 1843. He married **(3) Melinda Edwards** 06 Nov 1843. She was born in Kentucky and died in Fulton County, Illinois. He married **(4) Mahala Lauderback Newton** 28 Mar 1851. She was born 15 Nov 1811 in Ohio and died 02 Dec 1884 in Canton, Fulton, Illinois.

- Moved to Illinois in 1822. Went to Fort Peoria and then settled south of this in Canton. He fought in the Black hawk War of 1834 and is said to have saved two of one the Indian Chief's sons in battle. He became a captain then and may have known Abraham Lincoln at that time.
- Captain- 32nd Regiment Illinois Militia
- 12/99 According to Randy DeWitt 428 Beaver Rd. Boxley, GA 31513 David's picture hangs in the courthouse in Cuba, Illinois.

Children of David Haacke and Margaret Barker:

- i. Mary Anne³ Haacke, born 1825 in Fulton, Whiteside Illinois; died 26 Sep 1867.
- ii. Elizabeth Haacke, born in 1833 in Illinois.



Photo added by [Headstone Historian](#)

Richard Steffins

BIRTH 1784
Germany

DEATH 17 Jun 1862 (aged 77–78)

BURIAL [McNeil Cemetery](#)
Layton, Durham Regional Municipality, Ontario, Canada [Show Map](#)

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Married Catherine Daton on Nov. 17, 1834 in York County, Ontario. Richard was a resident of Brock Twp., and Catherine resided in Reach Twp.

They made their home in Reach Twp., Ontario Co (now Durham), Ontario and that's likely where Richard died.

He had at least 3 children from a previous marriage: William, Nicholas (mother Betsy Steffins) and George.

Richard's parents were likely Berczy settlers, a group of about 64 families brought to North America in the early 1790's from Germany by William Moll Berczy. Their original intent was to settle in Genesee Co., New York but for various reasons that plan did not materialize. After spending a couple of unsettled years in the US, Berczy negotiated for an alternate location in Ontario and in May 1794 the

iii. David Haacke, born in 1834 in Illinois; died 1852.

Child of David Haacke and Sarah Bull:

iv. George³ Haacke.

v. Henry Haacke.

vi. Washington Haacke.

vii. Margaret Agnes³ Haacke, born 04 May 1843 in Fulton County, Illinois; married George E. Holmes. She later married Benjamin A. Newton. Margaret died 03 Feb 1914 in Sacranon, Iowa.

Children of David Haacke and Melinda Edwards:

viii. Amelia³ Haacke, born in 1845; died in 1894.

ix. Margaret Haacke, married George E. Holmes.

x. Hannah Haacke.

Children of David Haacke and Mahala Newton:

viii. Barbara³ Haacke, born 02 Jul 1852 in Illinois. She married Robert Percy Homes, who was born in 1846 in Alta Iowa and died in 1928. Barbara died 26 Aug 1936 in Storm Lake, Iowa.

ix. Sarah Haacke, born 19 Aug 1853 in Putnam Township, Illinois; died 27 Jan 1927 in Canton, Illinois.

x. John Haacke, born in 15 Dec 1854 in Putnam Township; died 17 Dec 1932 in Cuba, Fulton, Illinois.

xi. Rachel Haacke, born 11 May 1858; died 21 Feb 1859.

Amalia Haacke (Johann¹) was born circa 1803. She married John Gray.

Children of Amalia Haacke and John Gray:

i. Mariana Gray, born 31 Dec 1818.

ii. Margaret Gray, born 28 Jan 1821 in Yonge Street, Toronto, Ontario; married Peter Huty. She died 31 Oct 1901.

Rachel Haacke (Johann¹) was born circa 1805 and died before 14 Jan 1834. She married **Christian Tipp**.

Children of Rachel Haacke and Christian Tipp:

i. Johann³ Tipp, born 30 Oct 1828; died 26 Jun 1910 in Port Perry, Ontario.

ii. Nancy Tipp, born 01 Jan 1832 in Markham, Ontario. She married Robert Oliver. Nancy died 16 Sep 1909 in Port Perry, Ontario.

Henry Haacke (Johann¹) was born 15 May 1810, and died in 1869. He married **(1) Nancy Alexander** 28 Jul 1831 in Markham, York, Ontario. She was born in 1819 and died in 1890. He married **(2) Maria Tippit Rouse** 07 Aug 1859. She was born 26 Jan 1824 in England, and died 08 Jan 1912 in Marine City, St. Clair, Michigan.

Children of Henry Haacke and Nancy Alexander:

i. Arthur³ Haacke, born 26 Jun 1832 in York, Ontario; died 10 Oct 1922.

ii. Jane Haacke, born in 1835.

iii. David Haacke, born 01 Nov 1844 in Bayfield, Ontario; died 19 Jun 1922 in Burnt Fork, Montana.

iv. Martha Anne Haacke, born 05 Mar 1847; died of dropsy 08 Oct 1871.

v. Henry Chester Haacke, born in 1856.

Children of Henry Haacke and Maria Rouse:

vi. George³ Haacke, born 08 Jun 1861 in Bayfield, Ontario; died 15 Sep 1941 in Vancouver, Clark, Washington.

vii. Ellin Haacke, born 13 Mar 1863 in Bayfield, Ontario; she married George E. Ellsworth, who was born in 1860.

George Haacke (Johann¹) was born 15 May 1810 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 21 Mar 1896 (general disability and dropsy, informant William Heise of Baldwin, registrar, Donald Ego, physician Dr. Noble) in Georgine Township, Ontario. He married **Jane Sophia Quantz** 01 May 1837 in Georgine Township, Ontario. She was the daughter of George Quantz and Mary Baetjer, born 06 Jul 1817, and died 01 Aug 1892.

- Occupation: Farmer

Children of George Haacke and Jane Sophia Quantz:

- i. Hannah³ Haacke, born 22 Apr 1838 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 16 Apr 1858 in Markham, York, Ontario.
- ii. Matilda Haacke, born 22 May 1839 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 23 Oct 1927 in Buttonville, York, Ontario.
- iii. William Haacke, born 01 Jul 1840 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 12 Feb 1912 in Goderich, Huron County, Ontario.
- iv. Mary Anne Haacke, born 28 Apr 1842 ; died 28 Mar 1865.
- v. George Haacke, born 16 Sep 1843 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 03 Dec 1896 in Markham, York, Ontario.
- vi. Christeen Haacke, born 08 Feb 1845 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 02 Feb 1931 in Toronto, Ontario.
- vii. Caroline Haacke, born 28 Aug 1846 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 14 Sep 1879.
- viii. Margaret Haacke, born 30 Apr 1848 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 08 Oct 1861 in Markham, York, Ontario.
- ix. Sophia Haacke, born 16 Mar 1850 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 20 Apr 1920 in York, Ontario.
- x. Amelia Haacke, born 13 Jun 1852 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 26 Apr 1926 in Markham, York, Ontario.
- xi. Jane Haacke, born 04 Jan 1856; died 09 Oct 1861.
- xii. John David Haacke, born 20 Feb 1856 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 23 Mar 1929 in Port Huron, St. Clair, Michigan.
- xiii. Henry Edward Haacke, born 29 Aug 1858; died 02 Oct 1861.
- xiv. Arthur Artimus Haacke, born 09 Sep 1860; married (1) Mary Caroline Pearson 16 Sep 1896 in Uxbridge, Canada. She was born Jan 1865 in Uxbridge, Ontario and died 23 Apr 1904 in York, Ontario. Arthur later married (2) Minnie M. Campbell 31 Jul 1907 in Whitby Township, Ontario. She was born Jan 1865 in Montreal and died in Etobicoke, York, Ontario. Arthur died 20 Dec 1919 in Newmarket, York, Ontario. They married in Ashburn a small hamlet in Whitby Twp. He was presbyterian and a resident of Reach Twp but born in Markham. She was Unitarian and lived in Toronto.
- xv. Hannah Ellin Haacke, born 17 May 1863; died in 1950.

This may certify that on the first day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty seven George Haacke of the Township of Markham and Jane Sophia Quantz of the same place were married by me David Gorman minister of the Wesleyan Methodist Church in Canada in the presence of Arthur Alexander and Mary Leticia which marriage was solemnized by license dated this day of May 1837 D. David Gorman

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5.

Markham Sup. 1851 Census 2nd. District - Pg 29

George Haacke	Farmer	b. Canada	Lutheran	42	married
Sophia	"	"	"	38	"
Hannah	"	"	"	19	"
Matilde	"	"	"	13	"
William	"	"	"	12	"
Mary Ann	"	"	"	10	"
George	"	"	"	9	"
Christeen	"	"	"	8	"
Caroline	"	"	"	6	"
Sophie	"	"	"	4	"
Margaret	"	"	"	3	"

Markham 1861 Census Page 138

George Haacke	Farmer	b. Markham	Lutheran	51	M
Sophia	"	"	"	44	"
William	Labourer	"	"	21	"
Mary Ann	"	"	"	19	"
George	"	"	"	17	"
Christina	"	"	"	16	"
Caroline	"	"	"	15	"
Margaret	"	"	"	14	"
Sophia	"	"	"	12	"
Amelia	"	"	"	10	"
David	"	"	"	8	"
Jane	"	"	"	6	"
? (Male)	"	"	"	3	"
Arthur	"	"	"	1	"
Elizabeth	Labourer	"	"	5	"

6.

Markham 1871 Census Division 3 Pg. 11

Haacke - George	62	out	German	married
" - Sophia	53	"	"	"
" Sophia	21	"	"	"
" Emeline	18	"	"	"
" John	16	"	"	"
" Arthur	10	"	"	"
" Ellen	7	"	"	"

Mary Anne Haacke (Johann¹) was born in 1813 and died 16 Jul 1883 in Colborne, Huron, Ontario. She married 10 Feb/July? 1831 in Toronto, Ontario by Rev. Jos. Harris, to **Joseph S. Fisher**. He was born 1805 in Waterloo, Canada and died 07 Sep 1876 in Colborne, Huron, Ontario. He was married by J D Peterson to Susannah Kirchstatern 27 Feb., 1827.

Children of Mary Haacke and Joseph Fisher:

- i. Mary Anne³ Fisher, born 08 Mar 1832 in Vaughan Township, Canada; married Martin Missner. She died 10 Dec 1912 in Kitchener, Ontario.
- ii. David Fisher, born in 15 Jan 1835 in Colborne Township, Huron, Canada; died 15 Mar 1893 in Colborne Township, Huron, Canada.
- iii. Ebenezer Fisher, born in 15 Sep 1837 in Baden, Ontario, Canada; died 26 Aug 1923 in Goderick, Huron, Ontario.
- iv. Susannah Fisher, born 20 Oct 1840 in Waterloo, Ontario.
- v. Emeline Fisher, born in 1843 in Colborne, Ontario.
- vi. William H. Fisher, born in 1847 in Ontario; married Sarah E.
- vii. Catherine Fisher, born in 1851.
- viii. Hiram Fisher, born 23 Dec 1858 in Colborne, Waterloo, Canada, and died 02 Nov 1938 in Sunshine, Lincoln, Nebraska. He married Barbara Carrie Tackaberry, who was born in 1862 and died in 1943. Hiram died in 1938.
- ix. Stephen Fisher, born after 1858.

Edward Haacke (Johann¹) was born 08 Sep 1816 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 19 Apr 1894 in Fulton Co., Illinois. He married **Harriet Porter** 09 Mar 1843 in Canton, Fulton, Illinois. She was born 12 Jan 1821, and died 14 Jun 1907 in Whitman, Washington.

Children of Edward Haacke and Harriet Porter:

- i. Hannah³ J. Hickey, born in 1844 in Jo Davies County, Illinois. She married Benjamin Bowdon 25 Dec 1865.
- ii. Henry Hickey, born 07 Sep 1846 in Jo Davies County, Illinois.
- iii. Edward Obedient Hickey, born in 1849 in Illinois; died 10 Feb 1925 in Oklahoma.
- iv. Elizabeth Catherine Hickey, born 11 Aug 1851 in Elizabeth, Illinois; died 22 Nov 1939 in St. John, Whitman, Washington. She married Cyrus Hamblen.
- v. Harvey Hickey, born in 1853 in Illinois.
- vi. David Hickey, born in 1857 in Illinois; died 29 Oct 1894.
- vii. Harriet Hickey, born 07 Jun 1859. She married Miller. Harriet died 03 Jan 1949 in Sidney, Iowa.
- viii. Isaac Newton Hickey, born 10 Aug 1861 in Maynard, Illinois; died 30 Apr 1944 in Clarinda, Iowa. He married (1) Alice Muggs, who was born in 1862. He later married (2) Warren Bootens Mother.
- ix. George E. Hickey, born 13 Aug 1865 in Iowa; died 18 Mar 1942.
- x. Vandalia Hickey, born 1866 in Iowa.
- xi. Nathaniel Hickey, born 08 Jan 1867 in Greenlee, Illinois; died 22 Jul 1933 in Sidney, Fremont County, Iowa.
- xii. Jesse Hickey, born 01 Nov 1868 in Iowa; died 10 Apr 1941 in Council Bluff, Iowa.

Generation No. 3

Catherine Elisabeth³ Steffins (Elisabeth² Steffins, Johann¹) was born 08 Jun 1819 in Markham, York, Ontario. She married (1) **Archibald McDonald** 08 Dec 1834. She married (2) **Cyrus Bunker** in Brock Township, Ontario, Ontario. He was born circa 1812 in Vermont and died 21 Aug 1889 in Fox Lake, Dodge, Wisconsin. Catherine died 01 Jun 1905 in Fox Lake, Dodge, Wisconsin, and was buried in Riverside Memorial Park.

Children of Catherine Steffins and Cyrus Bunker:

- i. Martha Malinda⁴ Bunker. She married Luther.

- ii. Mary Minona Bunker, born 21 Oct 1846 in Toronto, Ontario and died 02 Apr 1927 in Chicago, Cook, Illinois.
- iii. Rachel Bunker, born Aug 1847 in Ontario. She married Robert Lyle. Rachel died after 1910.
- iv. Louisa Bunker, born circa 1853 in Upper Canada.
- v. Eben J. Bunker, born Sep 1854 in Ontario. He married Carrie Hamilton. He died 16 Jul 1945 in Tacoma, Washington.

Nicholas Steffins (Elisabeth² Steffins, Johann¹) was born circa 1820 in Markham, York, Ontario. He married **(1) Mary**. He later married **(2) Elizabeth Eby** 27 Dec 1873. Nicholas died 12 Oct 1893 in Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario.

Children of Nicholas Steffins and Mary:

- i. John R.⁴ Steffins, born May 1856 in Upper Canada. He married Mary Comerford 18 Aug 1888 in Cheboygan, Michigan. John died 03 Dec 1909.
- ii. George Nicholas Steffins, born 15 May 1862 in Sunderland, Brock, Ontario. He married Minnie Annette Jackson 09 Feb 1887 in Sunderland, Brock, Ontario. George died in 1914.

Metta [Martha] Sophia Steffins (Elisabeth² Steffins, Johann¹) was born 18 Dec 1822 in Markham, York, Ontario. She married **(1) Horatio Nelson Savage**. He was born 03 Oct 1814 in Johnstown, Leeds, Ontario and died between 1861 and 1866. Martha later married **(2) Jesse Weldon**. He was born 08 Jul 1812 in Longueuil, Prescott, Ontario and died 11 Aug 1891 in Eden, Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario. Martha finally married **(3) John Sanderson**. He was born circa 1829 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania and died 29 May 1901 in Oakwood, Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario. Martha died 17 Aug 1902 in Oakwood, Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario.

Children of Metta Steffins and Horatio Savage:

- i. David F.⁴ Savage, born circa 1848 in Walpole, Haldimand, Ontario and died 03 Mar 1874 in Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario.
- ii. Mary Jane Elizabeth Savage, born 25 Sep 1849 in Walpole, Haldimand, Ontario. She married Orson Weldon. Mary died 13 Apr 1930 in Oakwood, Ontario.
- iii. George Nelson Savage, born 10 Jun 1851 in Brock, Ontario, Ontario. He married Adeline Weldon. George died 06 May 1923 in Toronto, York, Ontario.
- iv. William Savage, born 1853 in Brock, Ontario, Ontario or Haldimand, Ontario.

Possible child of Metta Steffins and Jesse Weldon:

- v. Elizabeth Weldon, born 1871 in Ontario.

Mary Anne Haacke (David², Johann¹) was born in 1825 in Fulton, Whiteside, Illinois, and died 26 Sep 1867. She married **James B. Bagley** 04 Aug 1844 in Lewistown, Fulton, Illinois. He was born in 1820 in Canada, and died 02 Apr 1883.

Children of Mary Haacke and James Bagley:

- i. Henry Clay⁴ Bagley, born 21 Jan 1845 in Fulton County, Illinois; died 23 Feb 1931 in St. Paul, Howard, Nebraska.
- ii. Emaline (Evaline) E. Bagley, born 29 May 1847 in Canton, Fulton, Illinois; died 09 Apr 1926. She married Hamlin.
- iii. David Nelson Bagley, born 19 Apr 1849 in Canton, Fulton, Illinois; died 03 Jun 1912.
- iv. Jacob Ogelsby Bagley, born 20 Sep 1863 in Canton, Fulton, Illinois; died 20 Jul 1951 in Del Norte, California.
- v. Nelson Bagley.

Elizabeth Haacke (David², Johann¹) was born in 1833 in Illinois. She married **John Hepperly** 12 Dec 1853 in Tazewell County, Illinois.

Child of Elizabeth Haacke and John Hepperly:

- i. Sarah Leona⁴ Hepperly, born Feb 1859 in Illinois. She married Steidly. Sarah died before 1910.

Margaret Agnes Haacke (David², Johann¹) was born 04 May 1843 in Fulton County, Illinois, and died 03 Feb 1914 in Sacanton, Greene, Iowa. She married **(1) George E. Holmes** 13 Oct 1864 in Fulton County, Illinois. He was born 08 Jan 1840 in Penn, and died 12 Mar 1891 in Stark County, Illinois. She married **(2) Benjamin A. Newton** 25 Jan 1896 in Stark County, Illinois. He was born 12 Oct 1835 in Susquehanna, PA, and died 26 Feb 1906 in Modena, Stark, Illinois.

Children of Margaret Haacke and George Holmes:

- i. William H.⁴ Holmes, born in 1866 in Illinois.
- ii. Lovell S. Holmes, born in 1868 in Illinois.
- iii. David W. Holmes, born Mar 1870 in Toulon, Stark, Illinois.
- iv. Effie Holmes, born in 1874 in Illinois. She married Andrew O. Galbraith 02 Sep 1896 in Rock Island, Illinois.
- v. Mary E. Holmes, born Apr 1876 in Illinois.
- vi. Edward Ervin Holmes, born 09 May 1878 in Illinois; died Oct 1967 in Bingham Lake, Cottonwood, Minnesota.
- vii. Margaret Holmes, born 16 Jul 1880 in Toulon, Stark, Illinois; died 26 May 1960 in Woodbine, Iowa.
- viii. Robert H. Holmes, born Mar 1882 in Illinois.
- ix. George Lyman Holmes, born Sep 1885 in Illinois.

Amelia Haacke (David², Johann¹) was born 13 Dec 1845 in Canton, Illinois, and died in 19 Mar 1894 in San Antonio, Texas. She married **Lovell Gorham Hamlin**. He was born 11 Dec 1833 in New York, and died 16 Jan 1888 in Canton, Illinois.

Children of Amelia Haacke and Lovell Hamlin:

- i. Margaret⁴ Hamlin.
- ii. Lovel D. Hamlin, born 07 Oct 1863; died 01 Dec 1890.
- iii. George Hamlin, born in 1866 in Illinois.
- iv. Charles A. Hamlin, born 20 Dec 1867 in Illinois; died 08 Sep 1897.
- v. Leona M. Hamlin, born Jul 1875 in Illinois; died in 1904.
- vi. Jennie Hamlin, born 10 Sep 1876 in Illinois. She married Barnes.
- vii. Jessie Hamlin, born 10 Sep 1876 in Illinois; died 11 Apr 1920.
- viii. Jannis Hamlin, born in 1878 in Fulton County, Illinois.
- ix. Frank Hamlin, born in 1880 in Illinois.
- x. Harry Fleming Hamlin, born 09 Sep 1885 in Canton, Illinois; died 22 Mar 1945 in Chicago, Cook, Illinois.

Barbara Haacke (David², Johann¹) was born 02 Jul 1852 in Illinois, and died 26 Aug 1936 in Storm Lake, Iowa. She married **Robert Percy Holmes** 12 Sep 1870 in Fulton County, Illinois. He was born 12 Feb 1846 in Alta, Iowa, and died 19 Apr 1928 in Storm Lake, Iowa.

Children of Barbara Haacke and Robert Holmes:

- i. Frank⁴ Holmes, born in 1872 in Illinois.
- ii. Estella Holmes, born in 1874 in Illinois.
- iii. Ann Holmes, born in 1875 in Illinois.
- iv. Robert Holmes, born in 1877 in Illinois.
- v. Walter M. Holmes, born in 1880 in Toulon, Illinois.
- vi. Barbara Blossom Holmes, born 14 Oct 1886 in Buena Vista County, Iowa; died 01 Aug 1969 in Seattle, King, Washington.

Sarah Haacke (David², Johann¹) was born 19 Aug 1853 in Putnam Township, Illinois. She married **(1) Salathiel David Dewitt** 12 Sep 1869. She married **(2) George H. Palmer** 05 Apr 1884 in Fulton County, Illinois. He was born 05 May 1849 in New York, and died in 1921.

Children of Sarah Haacke and Salathiel Dewitt:

- i. David Henry⁴ Dewitt, born 20 Nov 1872 in Cuba, Fulton County, Illinois.
- ii. Lulu Dewitt, born 10 Feb 1878; died 29 Sep 1970.

Children of Sarah Haacke and George Palmer:

- iii. Minnie M. Palmer, born Jan 1886 in Illinois.
- iv. Agnes Palmer, born Aug 1888 in Illinois. She married Clarence L. Stanley.
- v. Faye F. Palmer, born Jul 1892 in Illinois.

John Haacke (David², Johann¹) was born 15 Dec 1854 in Putman Township, Fulton, Illinois, and died 17 Dec 1932 in Cuba, Fulton, Illinois. He married **(1) Millie Ann Paul** 1874. She was born Apr 1859 in Illinois. He married **(2) Evaline Waddell** 01 Dec 1879 in Fulton County, Illinois. She was born 01 May 1857 in Putman Township, Fulton, Illinois, and died 04 Feb 1927 in Cuba, Fulton, Illinois.

Children of John Haacke and Evaline Waddell:

- i. Fair⁴ Haacke.
- ii. Gish Haacke.
- iii. John Haacke.
- iv. Lula Haacke.
- v. Leona Haacke, born 12 Aug 1875; died 01 Dec 1895.
- vi. Lovell Haacke, born 12 Aug 1875.
- vii. Rachel Haacke, born 30 Jan 1876 in Illinois; died 02 Dec 1950 in Dixon, Illinois.
- viii. Francis Haacke, born 04 Jan 1879 in Illinois; died 01 Dec 1957.
- ix. David Haacke, born 1880.
- x. Mabel H. Haacke, born 19 Nov 1882 in Illinois; died 10 Dec 1965.
- xi. Barbara Haacke, born 20 Jul 1884 in Cuba, Illinois; died 04 Nov 1968 in Cuba, Fulton, Illinois.
- xii. Minnie Haacke, born 03 Mar 1886 in Illinois; died 05 Jul 1971 in Lewistown, Fulton, Illinois.
- xiii. Vivian Hall Haacke, born 08 Dec 1899 in Lewistown, Fulton, Illinois; died 06 Jan 1974 in Lewistown, Fulton, Illinois.

Margaret Gray (Amalia² Gray, Johann¹) was born 28 Jan 1821 in Yonge Street, York, Ontario. She married **Peter Hutty** (see Figure 01) 23 Sep 1839. He was born in 1819 and died 28 Jun 1882. Margaret died 31 Oct 1901 in Toronto.

Children of Margaret Gray and Peter Hutty:

- i. Joseph Warren⁴ Hutty, born 09 Jun 1840; died 09 Jun 1893.
- ii. Alfred Hutty, born 15 Apr 1842; died 21 May 1904.
- iii. James Henry Hutty, born 10 May 1844; died after 1911.
- iv. Margaret Matilda Hutty, born 20 Aug 1847; died circa 1911.
- v. Peter Hutty, born 27 Apr 1848; died 27 Apr 1848.
- vi. Charles Peter Hutty, born circa 1849; died circa 1880.
- vii. Anna Elizabeth Hutty, born circa 1854; died 28 Nov 1904.
- viii. Alice Ada Rebecca Hutty, born circa 1856.
- ix. Frederick Atcheson Hutty, born Oct 1859; died 17 Jun 1917.
- x. Emily Helena Hutty, born 18 Aug 1860; died after 1891.
- xi. Robert Howland Gray Hutty, born 17 Mar 1862.
- xii. Charlotte Olive Hutty, born 21 Sep 1868; died 14 May 1903.

Johann Tipp (Rachel² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 30 Oct 1828, and died 26 Jun 1910 in Port Perry, Ontario,

Canada. He married Sarah A. Barker. She was born 27 Sep 1828, and died 12 Mar 1902 in York County, Ontario, Canada.

Child of Johann Tipp and Sarah Barker:

- i. Alfred Milton⁴ Tipp, born 04 Jun 1880 in Ontario, Canada.

Nancy Tipp (Rachel² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 01 Jan 1832 in Markham, Ontario, Canada, and died 16 Sep 1909 in Port Perry, Ontario, Canada. She married Robert Oliver 18 Feb 1852 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada. He was born 29 Aug 1829 in Gorran, Cornwall, England, and died 06 Jun 1902 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada.

Children of Nancy Tipp and Robert Oliver are:

- i. Robert⁴ Oliver, born 1847.
- ii. Margaret Oliver, born 16 Dec 1852 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada; died 14 Jun 1937 in Oakwood, Ontario, Canada.
- iii. Martha Oliver, born 02 May 1854 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada; died 19 Dec 1886 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada.
- iv. Rachel Oliver, born 08 Jun 1856 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada; died 12 Nov 1935 in Little Britain, Ontario, Canada.
- v. Manson Oliver, born 23 Apr 1858 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada; died 26 May 1908 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada.
- vi. John Oliver, born 20 Jun 1860 in Sunderland, Brock Twp., Ontario County, Ontario, Canada; died 25 Dec 1924 in Yakima, Washington.
- vii. Mathilda Oliver, born 25 Dec 1862 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada; died 27 May 1923 in Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada.
- viii. William R. Oliver, born 25 Dec 1864 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada; died 24 Feb 1941 in Cobourg, Ontario, Canada.
- ix. Sarah Oliver, born 18 Dec 1866 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada; died 24 Feb 1914 in Port Perry, Ontario, Canada.
- x. Wesley Oliver, born 27 Apr 1873 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada; died 22 Oct 1938 in Whitby, Ontario, Canada.
- xi. David Oliver, born 20 Jan 1876 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada; died 11 Apr 1889 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada.
- xii. Manson Oliver, born 23 Apr 1859 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada; died 26 May 1908 in Sunderland, Ontario, Canada.

Arthur Haacke (Henry², Johann¹) was born 26 Jun 1832 in York, Ontario, and died in 10 Oct 1922. He married **Jane Wilson Barker** in 1853. She was born 26 Jul 1831 in Glasgow, Scotland, and died 08 Oct 1921.

Children of Arthur Haacke and Jane Barker:

- i. Nina⁴ Haacke, born in 1850. She married William Burnell.
- ii. Clara Wilson Haacke, born 21 Feb 1854.
- iii. Anne Haacke, born in 1856.
- iv. Margaret Caroline Haacke, born 17 Nov 1858; married Tuttle.
- v. Arthur Chester Tudor Haacke, born 26 Apr 1861; died before 1876.
- vi. Daniel Wilson Stanley Haacke, born 24 Feb 1867.
- vii. David Hood Ritchie Haacke, born 14 May 1869; died in 1897.
- viii. Wilfred Andrew Alexander Haacke, born 10 Apr 1876; died 21 Nov 1963.
- ix. Arthur David Clive Haacke, born 31 Jul 1876; died 10 Dec 1955.

David Haacke (Henry², Johann¹) was born 01 Nov 1844 in Bayfield, Ontario, and died 19 Jun 1922 in Burnt Fork, Montana. He married **Harriet Louisa Phelps** Jul 1875. She was born 04 Feb 1860 in Beardtown, Illinois, and died 29 Jun 1942 in Stevensville, Montana.

Children of David Haacke and Harriet Phelps:

- i. Annie Laurie⁴ Haacke, born 17 Oct 1876 in Montana; died 01 May 1951.
- ii. Henry Arthur Haacke born 09 Mar 1878 in Stevensville, Montana; died 04 Jun 1960 in Hamilton, Montana.
- iii. Alfred Haacke, born 28 Jan 1880; died 10 Oct 1880.
- iv. James Edward Haacke, born 08 Apr 1882 in Stevensville, Montana; died 03 Jul 1968 in Stevensville, Montana.
- v. Margaret Haacke, born 06 Feb 1884; she married Ed Trickel. Margaret died 21 Sep 1931
- vi. David William Haacke, born 31 Mar 1885; died Aug 1970 in Stevensville, Montana.
- vii. Elva Geneva Haacke, born 07 Jan 1884 in Stevensville, Montana; died 26 Mar 1968 in Port Angeles, Washington. She married Frank Lemonal Simmons in Stevensville, Montana. He was born 25 Nov 1882 in Butte, Montana, and died 27 Oct 1967 in Port Angeles, Washington.
- viii. Leroy Haacke, born 02 Nov 1888; died 17 Sep 1898.

George Haacke (Henry², Johann¹) was born 08 Jun 1861 in Bayfield, Ontario, and died 15 Sep 1941 in Vancouver, Clark, Washington. He married **Myrtle Amy Stowell** 18 Nov 1891 in Bottineau, Bottineau, North Dakota. She was born 03 Jul 1873 in Otter Creek, Eau Clair, Wisconsin, and died 01 Sep 1946 in Vancouver, Clark, Washington.

Children of George Haacke and Myrtle Stowell:

- i. Anna Permelia⁴ Haacke, born 11 Dec 1892 in Bottineau, Bottineau, North Dakota; died in 1974.
- ii. Euna Alfeosia Haacke, born 31 May 1894 in Bottineau, Bottineau, North Dakota; died after 1976.
- iii. Maria Lodicea Haacke, born 25 Sep 1895 in Bottineau, Bottineau, North Dakota; died 02 Jul 1971.
- iv. Violet Haacke, born 02 Jun 1897 in Bottineau, Bottineau, North Dakota; died 30 Sep 1897 in Bottineau, Bottineau, North Dakota.
- v. George Henry Haacke, born 11 Oct 1898 in Bottineau, Bottineau, North Dakota; died 02 Jun 1900 in Bottineau County, North Dakota.
- vi. Wallace George Haacke, born 11 Feb 1906 in Mosier, Wasco, Oregon; died 02 Jul 1971 in Vancouver, Clark, Washington. He married Mary Louise Berger.
- vii. Lydia Belle Haacke, born 07 Mar 1908 in Mosier, Wasco, Oregon; died in 1929.
- viii. Arthur Salu Haacke, born 12 Jan 1914 in Portland, Oregon; died 26 Jun 1966 in Los Angeles, California.

Ellin Haacke (Henry², Johann¹) was born 13 Mar 1863 in Bayfield, Ontario, Canada. She married **(1) Allan Milburn**. She married **(2) George Hardin Ellsworth** 06 Aug 1889 in Stanley Township, Huron County, Ontario, Canada. He was born in 1860 in Detroit, Wayne, Michigan.

Children of Ellin Haacke and Allan Milburn:

- i. Clarence⁴ Milburn.
- ii. Harold W. Milburn, born 20 Jul 1896.
- iii. Pearl Sylvia Milburn, born 27 May 1901 in Waterloo, Canada.
- iv. Rosa May Milburn, born 24 Jan 1903 in Waterloo, Canada; died 29 Jun 1906 in Waterloo, Canada.

Children of Ellin Haacke and George Ellsworth:

- v. Hanford Russell Ellsworth, born 15 Mar 1892 in Detroit, Wayne, Michigan; died Mar 1970 in Livonia, Wayne, Michigan.
- vi. Leon Chester Hardin Ellsworth, born 23 Jul 1896 in Deaforth, Huron County, Ontario; died 29 Mar 1973 in Yucca Valley, San Bernardino, California.
- vii. Pearl Mae Ellsworth, born May 1901.

Hannah Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 22 Apr 1838 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 16 Apr 1858 in Markham, York, Ontario. She married **John Jacob Lunau** 24 Apr 1855.

Children of Hannah Haacke and John Lunau:

- i. Elizabeth⁴ Lunau, born 27 Sep 1856; married Charles Ambrose Brown.
- ii. Hannah Lunau, born 13 Mar 1858; died 23 Jan 1862.

Matilda Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 22 May 1839 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 23 Oct 1927 in Buttonville, York, Ontario. She married **William Fierheller** in 25 May 1858 in York County, Ontario, Canada. He was born 16 Jun 1836 in York, Ontario, and died 17 Sep 1895.

Children of Matilda Haacke and William Fierheller:

- i. Harold⁴ Fierheller.
- ii. Sherwin Fierheller.
- iii. Adeline Fierheller, born 28 Mar 1859; married Thomas Monroe. She died 07 Apr 1887.
- iv. George Fierheller, born 30 Aug 1860 in Markham, York, Ontario; died in 1942.
- v. Joseph Passavant Fierheller, born 10 Jan 1870; died 20 Feb 1872.
- vi. Clarence Herbert Fierheller, born 24 Nov 1873 in York, Ontario; married Laura Bell Heimbeck 24 Jun 1916. Clarence died 25 Feb 1935.

William Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 01 Jul 1840 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 12 Feb 1912 in Goderich, Huron, Ontario. He married **Martha Ramsey** 31 Dec 1863. She was born 17 Jul 1839 in Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario, and died 24 May 1930 in Goderich, Huron, Ontario.

Children of William Haacke and Martha Ramsey:

- i. Hannah Sofia⁴ Haacke, born 28 Dec 1864 in Ontario; married George Reesor. She died 24 Aug 1937.
- ii. William George Haacke, born 13 Sep 1866 in Reach, Ontario; died 09 Jan 1914 in York, Toronto, Ontario.
- iii. Edwin Stanley Haacke, born 04 Jun 1869 in Ontario; died in 1955.
- iv. Mary Ann Haacke, born 08 May 1871; died 16 Jun 1872.
- v. Ada Maud Haacke, born 31 Oct 1876 in Markham, York, Ontario; married Augustus Vanstone. Ada died Jul 1950 in Colborne Township, Huron, Ontario.
- vi. Wilmont Haacke, born 17 Aug 1879 in York, Ontario; died 11 Apr 1959.

Mary Anne Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 28 Apr 1842, and died 28 Mar 1865. She married **Daniel Stewart Miller** 23 May 1864 in Colborne, Ontario. He was born in 1842, and died in 1910.

Child of Mary Haacke and Daniel Miller:

- i. David Edward⁴ Miller, born 07 Mar 1865.

George Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 16 Sep 1843 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 03 Dec 1895 in Markham, York, Ontario. He married **Hannah Annie Ramsey** 26 Dec 1867 in Victoria, Ontario. She was born 16 Jul 1843 in Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario, and died 07 Aug 1906 in Goderich, Ontario.

Children of George Haacke and Hannah Ramsey:

- i. Mary Ellen⁴ Haacke, born 09 Jan 1869 in Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario; died 12 Aug 1958.
- ii. Lawrence Everett Haacke, born 12 Jan 1871 in Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario; died 27 Mar 1940.
- iii. Margaret Jane Haacke, born 18 Oct 1872 in Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario; died 19 Nov 1930 in Markham, York, Ontario.
- iv. Emma Caroline Haacke, born 22 Nov 1874; married Jesse Lewis Byer. She died 01 Oct 1968 in Uxbridge, Ontario.
- v. Martha Maud Haacke, born 21 Nov 1876 in Mariposa, Victoria, Ontario; died 15 Jan 1951 in York, Toronto, Ontario.
- vi. Frederick Stanley Haacke, born 23 Sep 1878; died 13 May 1892.
- vii. George Andrew Haacke, born 30 Nov 1880 in Ontario; died 27 Sep 1959.

viii. Mina Theresa Haacke, born 16 Aug 1887 in Ontario; died 24 May 1892 in York, Toronto, Ontario.

Christeen Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 08 Feb 1845 in Markham, York, Ontario. She married **John Wesley Barker** 18 Mar 1868. He was born 31 Jul 1842 in Georgina, Ontario, and died 01 Feb 1877. Christeen died 02 Feb 1931.

Children of Christeen Haacke and John Barker:

- i. Sarah Jane⁴ Barker, born in 1862; died 02 Sep 1862.
- ii. Susannah Barker, born in 1863; died 06 Apr 1863.
- iii. Mary Anne Barker, born in 1869; died in 1891.
- iv. Ida Alfretta Barker, born 11 Aug 1870 in Brock, Ontario, Canada; died in 1952. She married William A. Mansfield 14 Feb 1891; born 1862; died 1947.
- v. Emma O. Barker, born in 1872 in Markham, York, Ontario, Canada; died 22 Jul 1892 in Markham, York, Ontario, Canada.
- vi. John Wesley Barker, born 12 Dec 1873 in Brock Twp., Ontario County, Ontario, Canada; died 24 Feb 1933.
- vii. May Christina Barker, born in 1875; died in 1886.

Caroline Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 28 Aug 1846 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 14 Sep 1879. She married **John Lounsbrough** 08 Mar 1870 in Ontario. He was born in 1840 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 30 Apr 1918 in York, Toronto, Ontario.

Children of Caroline Haacke and John Lounsbrough:

- i. Elmina Ellenor⁴ Lounsbrough, born 14 Feb 1871 in Huron County, Ontario.
- ii. Mary Rosaletta (Rosina) Lounsbrough, born 21 Aug 1872 in Huron County, Ontario; died after 1949.

Sophia Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 16 Mar 1850 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 20 Apr 1920 in York, Toronto, Ontario. She married **William Henry Heise** 25 Dec 1871 in Whitechurch Township, York, Ontario. He was born 19 Jan 1847 in Markham, York, Ontario.

Children of Sophia Haacke and William Heise:

- i. Louis⁴ Heise. He married (1) Louella. He married (2) Louella.
- ii. Clifford Stanley Heise, born 24 Nov 1873 in Uxbridge, Ontario, Canada.
- iii. Lawson Arlington Heise, born 12 Oct 1875.
- iv. Edith Aldine Heise, born 12 Nov 1878 in Ontario, Canada; died in 1955 in Zephyr, Ontario.
- v. Herbert Heise, born in 1880. He married Maud.
- vi. Asley Rubena Heise, born 21 Jul 1883 in York County, Ontario, Canada. She married (1) Frank Thomlinson 20 Jun 1906 in York County, Ontario, Canada; born in 1882. She married (2) William Ansell Wilcox 23 Apr 1919 in Newmarket, York, Ontario; born in 1883 in Cornwall, Connecticut.
- vii. Clifford Heise, born in 1874. He married Anna Vanvalkenberg 21 Jun 1920 in Toronto, York, Ontario, Canada; born in 1882 in Detroit, Wayne, Michigan.

Amelia Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 13 Jun 1852 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 26 Apr 1926 in Markham, York, Ontario. She married **(1) George Heise** 11 Feb 1873 in Whitchurch Township, York, Ontario. He was born 06 Jan 1849 in Canada, and died 21 Dec 1914 in York County, Ontario. She married **(2) William Ansell Wilcox** 23 Apr 1919 in Newmarket, Ontario. He was born 1883 in Cornwall, Connecticut.

Children of Amelia Haacke and George Heise:

- i. Ella Irene Victoria⁴ Heise, born 19 Mar 1874 in Markham, York, Ontario.
- ii. Christopher George Luther Heise, born 03 Apr 1875 in York County, Ontario. He married Louise Jenkinson 04 Jan 1900 in York County, Ontario; born 1875 in Markham, York, Ontario.
- iii. Martha Sophia Heise, born 05 Aug 1876.

- iv. Bertha Heise, born 03 Feb 1878.
- v. Herbert Heise, born 19 Aug 1879.
- vi. A. R. Heise, born 21 Jul 1884.
- vii. Clarence W. Heise, born 09 Jul 1889 in Markham, York, Ontario. He married Minnie Cornell 17 Jun 1908 in Toronto, Ontario; born 23 Oct 1883 in Scarborough; died 29 May 1924 in York County, Ontario.

John David Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 20 Feb 1856 in Markham, York, Ontario, and died 23 Mar 1929 in Port Huron, St. Clair, Michigan. He married **Zilpha Edna Locke** 13 Sep 1876 in Arthur Township, Wellington, daughter of Levi Locke and Almeda Briggs. She was born 14 Apr 1856 in Speaker Township, Sanilac, Michigan, and died 20 Jun 1935 in Port Huron, St. Clair, Michigan.

Children of John Haacke and Zilpha Locke:

- i. George Levi⁴ Haacke, born 14 Jan 1878 in Uxbridge, Ontario, Ontario; died 14 Feb 1878 in Markham, York, Ontario.
- ii. Mildred Lizetta Haacke, born 19 Mar 1879 in Uxbridge, Ontario, Ontario; died 25 Jul 1946 in Port Huron, St. Clair, Michigan.
- iii. Eli Edgar Haacke, born 21 May 1881 in Uxbridge, Ontario, Ontario; died 03 Aug 1896 in Markham, York, Ontario. Died of an abscess of the lungs. The doctor was George Fierheller.
- iv. John David Haacke, born 29 Apr 1883 in Brock, Ontario, Ontario; died 29 Feb 1960 in Melvin, Sanilac, Michigan.
- v. Lawson Arlington Haacke, born 04 May 1885 in Brock, Ontario, Ontario; died 25 Jun 1967 in Houston, Harris, Texas.
- vi. Walter Stanley Haacke, born 11 May 1887 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 19 Jun 1942 in Ypsilanti, Michigan.
- vii. Joseph Albert Haacke, born 01 Apr 1889 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 18 Apr 1956 in Fort Worth, Texas; married (1) Martha Francis Wallace circa 1908. He later married (2) Elnora Jeanette Dunaway Reed 12 Mar 1938 in Pasadena, Texas. She was born 26 Apr 1897 in Timspoon, Shelby, Texas, and died 14 Sep 1973 in Cleveland, Liberty, Texas.
- viii. Clara Irene Haacke, born 31 Aug 1892 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 12 Nov 1958 in Hillsbrough, Florida.
- ix. Myrtle Evelyn Haacke, born 05 Mar 1896 in Markham, York, Ontario; died 28 Aug 1985 in Port Huron, St. Clair, Michigan.

Hannah Ellin Haacke (George², Johann¹) was born 17 May 1863, and died in 1950. She married **George Simpson** 15 Jul 1885.

Children of Hannah Haacke and George Simpson:

- i. Stillborn⁴ Simpson, born 14 May 1886; died 14 May 1886.
- ii. Ethel Simpson, born in 1889. She married Webb.
- iii. Newton Stanley Simpson, born 12 Sep 1891 in York County, Ontario, Canada.
- iv. George Leslie Simpson, born 24 Feb 1893 in York County, Ontario, Canada.
- v. Ruby Pearl Simpson, born circa 1898. She married Robert Sheldon Northam 24 Aug 1921; born 05 Jan 1902 in York, Ontario, Canada.

Mary Anne Fisher (Mary Anne² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 08 Mar 1832 in Vaughan Township, Canada, and died 10 Dec 1912 in Kitchener, Ontario, Canada. She married (1) **E. Robert Hayn**. He was born in 1832 in Kitchener, Ontario, Canada, and died in 1864. She married (2) **David Williamson** in 1862. She married (3) **Martin Messner** 03 Jan 1865 in Waterloo, Canada. He was born in 1821 in Germany, and died before 1901.

Children of Mary Fisher and E. Hayn:

- i. L.M.⁴ Hayn.

- ii. Ebenezer Joseph Messner Hayn, born 20 Apr 1861 in Goderich, Ontario, Canada; died 30 Aug 1921 in Newton, Kansas.
- iii. Anna Mailda Louise Hayn, born 19 Mar 1863; died 24 Mar 1941.

Children of Mary Fisher and Martin Messner:

- iv. John D.⁴ Messner, born 28 Nov 1867.
- v. Minna Messner, born 09 Sep 1871 in Berlin, Waterloo, Ontario, Canada.

David Fisher (Mary Anne² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 15 Jan 1835 in Colborne Township, Huron County, and died 15 Mar 1893 in Colborne Township, Huron County. He married **Mary Jane Church** 12 Mar 1861 in Colborne Township, Huron County. She was born 22 Jun 1843 in St. Clair County, Michigan, and died 04 May 1935 in Detroit, Wayne, Michigan.

Children of David Fisher and Mary Church:

- i. George Edward⁴ Fisher, born 30 Jun 1862 in Canada; died circa 1928.
- ii. Adelia Fisher, born in 1864 in Goderich, Canada; died in 1939.
- iii. Priscilla Addison Fisher, born 09 May 1866 in Colborne Township, Canada; died 31 Jan 1916 in Goderich, Huron, Canada.
- iv. Alonzo Fisher, born in 1869; died 16 Jul 1883.
- v. John Fisher, born in 1870.
- vi. Elma O. Fisher, born 27 Feb 1874. She married Lyle Hamilton.
- vii. David Fisher, born in 1875; died 16 Jul 1883.
- viii. Edward Edgar Fisher, born 31 Jul 1880.
- ix. Rocepha Leona Fisher, born 08 Nov 1883 in Goderich, Ontario, Canada; died 22 Dec 1973 in Detroit, Wayne, Michigan.

Ebenezer Hall Fisher (Mary Anne² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 15 Sep 1837 in Baden, Ontario, and died 26 Aug 1923 in Goderich, Huron, Ontario. He married **(1) Mary McCorvie** 27 Jan 1859 in Benmiller, Ontario. She was born 07 May 1839, and died 29 Aug 1920 in Goderich, Huron, Ontario.

Children of Ebenezer Fisher and Mary McCorvie:

- i. Anna Louisa⁴ Fisher, born in 1860 in Colborne, Huron, Ontario. She married (1) Alexander Gladstone McLeod 15 Jun 1892 in Goderich, Huron, Ontario. He was born 12 Mar 1861 in Sutherland, Scotland.
- ii. Mary Ann Fisher, born 06 Feb 1861 in Goderich, Huron, Ontario; married James A. Copeland.
- iii. Sophia Matilda Fisher, born 24 Feb 1863; died in 1943. She married John H. Livesey; born 1862 in Niagara Falls; died in 1943.
- iv. Secord E. Fisher, born Mar 1867 in Canada; died circa 1923 in Detroit, Wayne, Michigan.
- v. Albert Edward Fisher, born 06 Apr 1869; died May 1869.
- vi. May Florence Fisher, born 06 May 1871 in Kincardine, Bruce.
- vii. Della Fisher, born in 1877.

Susannah Fisher (Mary Anne² Haacke, Johann¹) was born in 20 Oct 1840 in Waterloo, Ontario. She married **James H. Wilson** 28 Sep 1859 in Colborne, Ontario. He was born 20 Mar 1839 in York, Ontario.

Child of Susannah Fisher and James Wilson:

- i. Sophia⁴ Wilson, born in 1860.
- ii. Emily Wilson, born in 1861 in Huron County, Ontario.
- iii. George E. Wilson, born 22 Dec 1862 in Huron County, Ontario.
- iv. Albert Edward Wilson, born 05 Nov 1865 in Huron County, Ontario.
- v. Bryon O. Wilson, born 17 Apr 1867 in Huron County, Ontario; died in 1946.
- vi. Mary Jane Wilson, born in 1870 in Huron County, Ontario.
- vii. Harry Wilson, born 04 Dec 1876 in Huron County, Ontario.

Emeline Fisher (Mary Anne² Haacke, Johann¹) was born in 1843 in Colborne, Ontario. She married **Archibald Benjamin Miller** 05 Nov 1860 in Colborne, Ontario. He was born in 1837 in Colborne, Ontario.

Children of Emeline Fisher and Archibald Miller:

- i. Bergemine⁴ Miller, born in 1867.
- ii. Mary Anne Miller, born in 1867.

William Henry³ Fisher (Mary Anne² Haacke, Johann¹) was born in 1847 in Ontario. He married **(1) Sarah E.** in 1870. She was born in 1851. He married **(2) Sarah F. Thompson** 15 Nov 1870 in Berlin, Waterloo, Ontario. She was born in 1849 in England.

Children of William Fisher and Sarah Thompson:

- i. Viola Maude⁴ Fisher, born 03 Jul 1873 in Kincardine, Bruce, Canada.
- ii. Della Blanche Fisher, born 01 Oct 1876 in Kincardine, Bruce, Canada.
- iii. Francis Charles Fisher, born 07 Feb 1881 in Kincardine, Bruce, Canada.

Hiram Steven Fisher (Mary Anne² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 23 Dec 1858 in Colborne, Waterloo, and died 02 Nov 1938 in Sunshine, Lincoln, Nebraska. He married **Barbara Carrie Tackaberry** 01 Jul 1878 in Clinton, Huron. She was born 14 Feb 1862 in Colborne, Waterloo, and died 25 Jan 1960 in North Platte, Lincoln, Nebraska.

Children of Hiram Fisher and Barbara Tackaberry:

- i. Burley⁴ Fisher, born 23 Jun 1880 in Bay City, Bay, Michigan; died 22 Nov 1967 in Scottsbluff, Nebraska.
- ii. Alonzo Fisher, born 15 Jul 1883 in Kalkaska, Michigan; died 20 Jun 1936 in Kansas.
- iii. Harvey Fisher, born 20 Jul 1885 in Kalkaska, Kalkaska, Michigan; died 18 Jan 1954 in Mitchell, Scottsbluff, Nebraska.
- iv. Edith May Fisher, born 19 Feb 1888 in Kalkaska, Kalkaska, Michigan.
- v. Phillip Fisher, born 13 Jun 1890 in Kansas. He married Monabelle Greenfield 30 Oct 1912 in Broken Bow; born 11 May 1888 in Nebraska; died May 1973.
- vi. William H. Fisher, born 13 Sep 1893 in Kansas; died 16 Jan 1943.

Henry Hickey (Edward² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 07 Sep 1846 in Jo Davies County, Illinois. He married **Mary Anne Hamblen** 23 Oct 1869 in Sidney, Fremont, Iowa. She was born 06 Aug 1848 in Jo Davies, Illinois, and died 06 Apr 1920 in White Salmon, Klickitat, Washington.

Children of Henry Hickey and Mary Hamblen:

- i. Walter⁴ Hickey, born 13 Sep 1870; died 26 Nov 1871.
- ii. William Harvey Hickey, born 03 Aug 1873 in Missouri.
- iii. Eldon Hickey, born 29 Oct 1876 in Fairfax, Missouri.
- iv. Eldora Hickey, born 29 Oct 1876 in Fairfax, Missouri.
- v. Cora Ella Hickey, born 22 Jul 1879 in Missouri; died 29 Aug 1961.
- vi. Nancy Dickerman Hickey, born 15 Sep 1881; married (1) Lamphare. Nancy later married (2) Charles W. Schmidt 19 Nov 1901. She died in Corvallis, Oregon.
- vii. Georgie Ann Hickey, born 07 Dec 1883 in Achison, Missouri; married John Wesley Phillips. She died 29 Oct 1975 in Sebastopol, Sonoma, California.
- viii. Mary Christena Hickey, born 07 Sep 1885 in Missouri.
- ix. Eva Hickey, born 11 Aug 1887; died 10 Sep 1948. She married (1) Lloyd Statz. She later married (2) Russell Meyers 09 Mar 1931.
- x. Henry Paul Hickey, born 07 Jan 1891; died Jul 1922.
- xi. Rosie May Hickey, born 17 Apr 1893; died 17 Apr 1894.

Edward Obedient Hickey (Edward² Haacke, Johann¹) was born in 1849 in Illinois, and died 10 Feb 1925 in

Oklahoma. He married **Nancy Savannah Fimple** circa 1872. She was born in 1844 in Indiana, and died 16 Aug 1914 in Ashley, Alfalfa, Oklahoma.

Children of Edward Hickey and Nancy Fimple:

- i. Julia May⁴ Hickey, born 21 May 1873 in Red Cloud, Webster, Nebraska; died 21 Feb 1928 in Fort Smith, Sebastian, Arkansas.
- ii. Charles Edward Hickey, born 21 Jul 1878 in Kansas; died 18 Sep 1955 in Stockton, California.
- iii. Walter David Hickey, born May 1879 in Nebraska; died Oct 1963 in Wichita, Sedgwick, Kansas. He married Kate; born in 1882 in Sweden.
- iv. Oscar Riley Hickey, born in 1883; died in Beatrice, Nebraska.
- v. Matilda Hickey, born in 1885.
- vi. Frank Talmage Hickey, born 09 Jan 1886 in Beatrice, Gage, Nebraska; died 15 Jul 1972 in Alva, Woods, Oklahoma.
- vii. Edward Hickey, born Jan 1888 in Kansas.

Elizabeth Catherine Hickey (Edward² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 11 Aug 1851 in Elizabeth, Illinois, and died 22 Nov 1939 in St. John, Whitman, Washington. She married **Cyrus Hamblen** 16 Aug 1869 in Iowa. He was born 19 Sep 1846 in Jo Davies County, Illinois, and died 27 Oct 1914 in Stockton, California.

Children of Elizabeth Hickey and Cyrus Hamblen:

- i. Ida⁴ Hamblen, born 11 Nov 1870; died Aug 1900. She married Johnson.
- ii. Lewis Hamblen, born 12 Aug 1872 in Iowa; died 28 Feb 1919. He married (1) Edna Pierce in 1895. He married (2) Jennie Templeton 25 Nov 1908.
- iii. Everett Hamblen, born 16 Nov 1874; died 31 Aug 1875.
- iv. Ella Hamblen, born 16 Jul 1876; died 29 Aug 1922. She married Wilson.
- v. Frank Hamblen, born 04 Nov 1878; died Nov 1900 in St. John, Whitman, Washington.
- vi. Lula Hamblen, born 24 Feb 1881; died 01 Feb 1946. She married Garrett.
- vii. Richard Hamblen, born 18 Apr 1883 in Missouri; died 16 May 1948.
- viii. Ollie Hamblen, born 10 Mar 1886 in Endicott, Whitman, Washington; died 24 Mar 1956. She married Harwood.
- ix. Roy Hamblen, born 08 Sep 1888 in Endicott, Whitman, Washington; died Jul 1956. He married Minnie Kerr.
- x. Edna Hamblen, born 04 Mar 1892 in Endicott, Whitman, Washington; died 04 Nov 1980. She married George Birdsell.

David Hickey (Edward² Haacke, Johann¹) was born in 1857 in Illinois, and died 29 Oct 1894. He married **Ann Foster**. She was born in 1861.

Children of David Hickey and Ann Foster:

- i. Blanche O.⁴ Hickey, born in 1882 in Indiana.
- ii. Edward Hickey, born 17 Dec 1884; died Jan 1963; married Minnie.
- iii. Gordon M. Hickey, born in 1888 in Washington.
- iv. Ada N. Hickey, born in 1892.
- v. Morris David Hickey, born in 1892; married Dollie Maycroft; born 22 Jun 1886; died Mar 1980 in Marion, Williamson, Illinois.

Harriet³ Hickey (Edward² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 07 Jun 1859, and died 03 Jan 1949 in Sidney, Iowa. She married **(1) Covert**. She married **(2) John Miller**. She married **(3) John Miller**.

Children of Harriet Hickey and Covert:

- i. Bessie⁴ Covert.
- ii. Clarence Covert.
- iii. Harvey Covert.

- iv. Jake Covert.

Isaac Newton Hickey (Edward² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 10 Aug 1861 in Maynard County, Illinois, and died 30 Apr 1944 in Clarinda, Iowa. He married **(1) Alice Muggs**. She was born in 1862. He married **(2) Warren Booton Mother**. He married **(3) Della Smith** 16 Oct 1911. She was born in Iowa.

Child of Isaac Hickey and Alice Muggs:

- i. Will⁴ Hickey.

George Hickey (Edward² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 13 Aug 1865 in Iowa, and died 18 Mar 1942. He married **Grace (Jensen) Johnson**. She was born in 1860 in Denmark.

Children of George Hickey and Grace Johnson:

- i. Wilbur Ebbie⁴ Hickey, born 15 Sep 1886 in Sidney, Iowa; died 27 Dec 1949 in Stockton, California.
- ii. Henry E. Hickey, born 21 Nov 1889 in Washington; died 03 Dec 1953 in Stockton, California.
- iii. Charles Mason Hickey, born Jun 1891 in Washington. He married Zella Fitzpatrick.
- iv. Son Hickey, born 29 Jan 1892 in Oaksdale, Washington.
- v. Early Hickey, born Dec 1895 in Washington.

Nathaniel Hickey (Edward² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 08 Jan 1867 in Greenlee, Illinois, and died 22 Jul 1933 in Sidney, Fremont County, Iowa. He married **Lenna May Rowe** 30 Sep 1888 in Sidney, Fremont, Iowa. She was born 01 Oct 1870 in Sidney, Fremont, Iowa, and died 09 Apr 1926 in Sidney, Fremont, Iowa.

Children of Nathaniel Hickey and Lenna Rowe:

- i. Lucy⁴ Hickey, born 14 Jul 1889 in Iowa; died 07 Mar 1959 in Sidney, Iowa.
- ii. John E. Hickey, born 08 Mar 1891 in Sidney, Fremont County, Iowa; died 15 Aug 1960 in Council Bluff, Pott County, Iowa.
- iii. Myrtle Harriet Hickey, born May 1894 in Fremont County, Iowa. She married Leonard W. Guinotte; born 19 Jan 1893 in Omaha, Nebraska.
- iv. David Rowe Hickey, born 04 Apr 1897 in Iowa; died 18 Jan 1976 in Escambia County, Florida.

Jesse Hickey (Edward² Haacke, Johann¹) was born 01 Nov 1868 in Iowa, and died 10 Apr 1941 in Council Bluff, Iowa. He married **Mary Bawden** 24 Aug 1890 in Savannah, Jo Davies, Illinois. She was born 20 Nov 1872, and died 27 Aug 1961.

Children of Jesse Hickey and Mary Bawden:

- i. Blanche Leota⁴ Hickey, born 28 Jun 1891 in Canton, Illinois. She married Bowen.
- ii. Florence Belle Hickey, born 12 Feb 1893; died 06 Oct 1948. She married Fojt.
- iii. Clarence Howard Hickey, born 14 Jan 1895 in Sidney, Iowa; died 06 Oct 1963 in Council Bluffs, Iowa. He married Irene Carroll.
- iv. Marion Alvin Hickey, born 06 Oct 1901 in Sidney, Iowa; died 17 Oct 1940.
- v. Estella May Hickey, born 13 May 1903 in Sidney, Iowa.

References

John Ross Robertson
Landmarks of Toronto, Vol. 3 1898 Toronto
Facsimile printed by Mika Pub. Belleville 1974
ISBN 0-919302-73-4

- p. 136, 160: John Harkes runs a small grocery at 37 Lot St.
- p. 379: Children's names: George and Henry; parents: John and Hannah Haache; sponsors: (none); when baptized: February 12, 1811

John Ross Robertson
Landmarks of Toronto, Vol. 1 1894 Toronto
Facsimile printed by Mika Pub. Belleville 1976
ISBN 0-919302-04-8

- p. 230: Uncle Jake Fisher's farm was used for drills for those preparing for the infamous Mackenzie rebellion emanating from Montgomery's tavern. Obviously not all the old settlers agreed with the Tories.
- p. 286: Captain John Arnold's company of the York militia contained John Fierheller and Fred Quance Quantz?.

The Town of York 1793-1815
By Edith G. Firth
University of Toronto Press 1962

- p. xlvi: "On June 26, 1812, the flank companies of the Third Regiment [including men from the Town of York and its immediate environs] 120 strong under the command of Major William Allan, marched into the garrison. Thus began the contribution of York's citizen army in the War of 1812."
- p. 140 footnote 65: Samuel Ridout was Sheriff of the Home District from 1815 and Registrar from 1827.
- p. 297: In the capitulation of York, the following were to be considered prisoners of war and accounted for in the exchange of prisoners between the United States and Great Britain. In that list are included Major W. Allan, Captain John Button and Captain James Fenwick. The latter two settled in Markham. John Button commanded a troop of cavalry attached to the 1st Regiment of York during the War of 1812 and for some years thereafter (footnote 31). From the earlier discussions, the question again arises, "Was John the son of the Johann Haacke of the Brunswick Dragoons?" of "Was John the son of Heinrich, a shoemaker but soldier whose family back in Braunschweig were a military family and shoemakers?"

The Town of York 1815-1834
By Edith G. Firth
University of Toronto Press 1966

- p. xxxvi: Prior to 1834, economic problems were of the utmost concern in York. The War of 1812 discredited opposition to the government as disloyal. William Allan was among the conservative government supporters.
- p. lxxxiii: A few merchants such as William Allan made their fortune in the early days of Toronto prior to 1830 and were accepted into the aristocracy. York grew in size from a population of 868 in 1817 to 3969 in 1831 to 9252 in 1834 after incorporation had increased its area. Cultural events also began to develop.
- p. 21: William Allan was born in 1770 in Scotland. He worked as a junior clerk, then opened a general store in York in 1796. In 1822, he sold his business and became the first President of the Bank of Upper

Canada.

p. 40: D'Arcy Boulton Jr. practiced law with Peter Robinson and later with William Proudfoot.

p. 60: William Allan married a daughter of Dr. John Gamble of the Queen's rangers.

p. 344: Under the patronage of Lady Colborne, a concert was given at the town hall on Friday, 27 Dec. 1833. One piece included Rossini's air with brilliant variations by Hertz.

The Reesor Family in Canada
Genealogical and Historical Records
1804-1980

pp. 7-8: The Reesors came to Markham because it offered them the opportunity to farm and run mills. They were among the early Mennonite settlers who arrived from Lancaster Pennsylvania. As such, they had likely not renounced their British citizenship and crossed without difficulty at Niagara into Ontario. The early Reesors had land in Con. 7-11. They intermarried through Peter¹, Christian², Peter³, Peter⁴, Josephus⁵, George⁶ (born Lot 13, Con. 7, not far from where George Haacke had settled on Lot 22, Con. 7). George Reesor married Hannah⁴ Haacke of William³ of George² of Johann¹.

The Doners in Canada
1806-1974
Harold Doner and Harry Doner

This family, too, was Amish or Mennonite. They settled on Lot 35, Con. 3 in Markham. They intermarried with a Haacke descendant as follows: John¹, John², Anna³ married David Byer (son of John Boyer of Markham), John Hoover⁴ Byer, Peter⁵ Byer, Jesse Lewis⁶ Byer who married Emma Caroline Haacke in 1894. They produced honey and supplied it to my grandfather, who ran a general store in Deloro; he had been born in their wedding year. Caroline⁴ fits in via George³, George² and Johann¹.

Trail of the Black Walnut
G. Elmore Reaman
McClelland & Stewart Ltd.
1957 reprinted 1974

p. 84: On 7 Feb. 1792, Lord Simcoe issued a proclamation which included an offer of 200 acres to an immigrant who would clear 5 acres, build a house and open a road across his land of one-quarter mile in length.

p. 97: The center of the settlement of Markham was the German Mills, located on Lot 4, Con. 3. Here, there was a saw mill, flour mill, distillery, brewery, malt house, blacksmith shop and a cooper shop.

pp. 98-99: Jacob Fisher of Somerset County, Pennsylvania petitioned the Governor of Upper Canada in 1798 and received 400 acres. They claim to have come in 1795. His grandson, Joseph (a son of Valentine), married Mary Anne Haacke, a daughter of Johann. This is the second Mary Anne, the first who was listed in the Berczy lists must have died young as the Ontario census records give her age consistent with an 1813 birth date.

p. 130: Yeoman – a working farmer who owned his own land.

p. 141: The Pennsylvania German traits: known for care of animals; from his livestock, he obtained milk, butter, cheese, and meat for his table; he had a horror of debt and saved frugally to buy his sons land; a daughter was given a dower, usually in the form of a cow; he was ultra-conservative, but enjoyed learning new farming methods; they had many proverbs, often as binding as the words in the ever present bible.

p. 145: Bees, as in house raising bees etc., gave people and neighbors an opportunity to get together in what must have been a rugged and lonely existence at times.

pp. 155-6: Sheep were difficult to raise and required the raising of a fence to protect them from wild animals and dogs. They also could not live on nuts or roots, but required grass. They were kept mainly to clothe the family. (Could John have tried to keep them to sell the wool for extra money?) The fence may well have been the stumps of the trees cleared. Later, they would be split rail fences with pieces about 11-12 feet in length.

Early Conditions

As mentioned in one of Edith Firth's volumes on York, one year Lord Simcoe had to bring in food to help feed the settlers. This was likely about 1794-1798. There must certainly have been times when disease took its toll. In the early Berczy lists, there are two daughters; Elisabeth and Mary Anne. The latter apparently died young as a daughter born about 1813 was then named Mary Anne.

The Widman Family A Genealogical Record 1803-1955

p. 1: The first regular ordained Mennonite minister in Canada was Henry Wideman, who had received his land by an Order in Council in 1803 for lot 24, Con. 8 in Markham.

p. 229: Of his nine children, a son Henry VanHoben Wideman had a daughter, Matilda Maud, who married Lawrence⁴ Haacke of George³, of George², of Johann¹.

p. 5: The Heise family settled on lot 33, Con. 3 in 1804/5. The American progenitor was a John Heise who had 3 sons come to Ontario. Joseph Heise's son, Christian, had two sons, William and George, who married two Haacke girls, Sophia and Amelia, respectively. They were the daughters of George² and Johann¹.

Pioneering in North York Patricia W. Hart General Publishing Co. Ltd. Toronto 1971

p. 13: In an account of early pioneer life in Markham written by David Gibson in 1827 and posted from Markham Mills, he states that the Dutch (Pennsylvania Germans) were very industrious farmers. He also notes that good labor is hard to get because land is so cheap, everyone wants to farm their own property. Some wages for workmen were around 5s to 10s per day. Sugar was about 6p per pound. Sheep were kept for the wool for clothes.

pp. 16-19: "Bees" or gatherings were usually held to help new settlers raise a log cabin home (usually 16 by 20 feet) with likely a single window with oiled paper or glass if available, a hole for the fire to escape until a chimney of logs plastered with clay and straw, and a bare, hard packed earth floor until a cellar was dug and a plank floor built. This one room became the home for many families. The coals had to be kept burning day and night; if not, it might mean a trip to a neighbor's to get a fresh coal (not a pleasant thought in the dead of winter). Trees were cut and burned. The first remnants were cut and heaped and burned again. One more burn may even have been required. The ashes were sold to the potash industry and the stumps left to rot. The farmers planted potatoes, turnips, pumpkins, Indian corn and some wheat. Bad weather could hurt crops, wolves could attack sheep, foxes flourished and preyed on fowl, making it a tough life. No doubt the use of a gun for food and protection was a necessity. Other available food included fish, partridges, pigeons, salmon, and deer. Water was obtained from shallow wells, likely having a sweep or long pole ballasted by rocks on one end to allow easy lifting of the water. Barriers

were placed by the ground to prevent young children from falling in. Milk was kept in a spring house with cold running water to help it last, and the cream would be used later for butter. Oxen were used for heavy labor such as pulling stumps and moving large stones. In 1806, it was agreed that cattle would be marked and allowed to go free. Fences were required to be five feet high.

p. 28: In 1815, most produce mentioned earlier brought in about 10s per bushel. Flour cost 3 pounds 10s.

p. 130: Mail service was often by a friend of traveller, each letter being sealed at the back with a return address. In 1836, a post office was established at York Mills.

Getting to Know Nature's Children: Red Fox
Merebeth Switzer
Grolier Ltd. 1985

p. 11: Here it is stated that the red fox flourished upon the arrival of the settlers with their many fowl and flocks.

Spadina A Story of Old Toronto
Austin Seton Thompson
Pagurian Press Limited, Toronto 1975

p. 21: On Sept. 2, 1793, John Graves Simcoe, the lieutenant-governor of Upper Canada, ordered his Executive Council to meet at York to deal with a large number of petitions for land, which had accumulated over the summer.

p. 41: Judge Henry Allcock was elected as the first Member of Parliament for York in 1800. He was a judge then, and later became the Chief Justice of the province.

p. 49: If Judge Allcock was convinced someone was versed in English law, he could license them. Two of these "heaven descended barristers" were D'Arcy Boulton Jr. and William Dickson of Niagara. John Haacke had dealings with all three of these men at some time.

Toronto
Bruce West
Doubleday Canada Ltd., Toronto 1967

p. 42: In a 1798 letter from Peter Russell, President of the Executive Council and Administrator of Upper Canada, gives the costs of some foods: beef 1/, mutton and veal 1/6, fowls a dollar a couple, flour 7 dollars, laborers 12/ and artificers 16/ per day.

p. 56: At Judge Allcock's election, several Markham residents came down to vote for Mr. Heron. This was thought to be particularly ungrateful as Mr. Allcock had promised the Markham farmers that he would make the merchants of York pay more for their produce if he were elected. He shouted at a drunk who was then to be arrested. The crowd came to the drunk's rescue. William Allan was there, and threatened in this episode. The polls were closed early when Allcock knew he was ahead. He eventually had to resign when a new election was called. What did John think of this man?

The Yonge Street Story 1793-1860
F.R. Bercham
McGraw-Hill Ryerson Ltd. 1977

p. 8: The axes sent by England were considered useless. Those made in the United States, although less pretty, were actually warranted for 6 months. From a letter by John Graves Simcoe in 1793.

pp. 29-30: Yonge Street lots were 66 feet. It is said that they were reserved for settlers favored by Simcoe. Berczy was to develop the area, and at the end of August in 1794 with 16 axemen, (here it is stated they are from New York and a reference to John Andre is given, but this is incorrect as Andre's book states they were from Niagara) the Berczy settlers arrived at York.

p. 32: According to a letter written by a gentleman from New York on the 20 Nov. 1794, they were on the east side of Yonge Street on an excellent tract of land with white oak woods. They were furnished with everything to make their situation comfortable. However, they shuddered in tents through the winter and suffered fevers, aches and illness with only Berczy's amateur doctoring to help them through. In Berczy's 1800 list of settlers in Markham, John has two children: Elisabeth and Mary Anne. The latter must have died young; was caused by it poor conditions or one of the standard childhood diseases? We will never know.

p. 39: Melchior Quantz performed the duties of schoolmaster in Berczy's settlement.

pp. 43-44: The Markham settlers used the River Rouge as their highway to the lakeshore. Is this the route that John would have taken to come to St. James to go to church and to have his children baptized? Two other axemen were Isaac Devins and Balthasar Mundschaer (Munshaw) from the Genesee. Did John hail originally from the Genesee too? Or did he, as I suspect, come from Niagara to join Berczy? In the 1794 Berczy settlers list, John is not mentioned.

p. 58: These settlers and the Pennsylvania Dutch to follow came up in conestoga wagons. Roads were so rough though, that they would have to be taken apart and dragged up the hills with rope.

p. 144: In 1837, the Mackenzie Rebellion occurred. Several Markham families were involved. Since John may have been conservative, it is doubtful he was involved. His son, Henry, served in the militia in Huron Township for the government.

The War of 1812 Land Operations

George F.G. Stanley

Macmillan of Canada 1983

p. 6: On the declaration eve of the War of 1812 between Canada and the United States, Major Brock was dining with his counterpart in Fort Niagara. They finished their meal together and parted, hoping to continue the hospitalities when the hostilities ended. This civilized attitude is reminiscent of the service John may have done in his two stints in the war. He may have done his duty by substitute. In any case, the local militia often only served a short term of a few weeks to a few months. What did his wife Hannah Adams think? Her relatives may have lived in New York and Massachusetts; would they, too, be fighting Canadians? The northeastern states were not much for the war as evidenced by the New York militia's unwillingness to cross the border to fight. These states were also close to seceding from the union by the end of the war. Some places outright refused to join the escapade, and even supplied Canadians with meat and supplies.

John served in Capt. Button's troop of cavalry from 12 to 20th July and the rest of the campaign by substitute. He likely saw no action at this early date. He also served in July 1814 with James Fenwick's company. At this time, the battle of Chippewa (5 July) and Lundy's Lane were taking place (25 and 26 July). Evidently, these troops did not do battle. Their service was as garrison duty at York (see p. 209 in the Markham reference).

p. 122: There were several pro-American factions, including several members of parliament, who defected. John was clearly in that group that felt allegiance to the crown. His sons George and Henry were also in the militia in 18??.

p. 218: On the 10th of December, General McClure of the U.S. Army issued the order that Niagara be burned. It was at this time basically the home for women and children with no military caches. Nevertheless, it was burned, and in turn, incensed the Canadian people. How lucky John must have felt not to have lived there anymore. How unfortunate we are historically to have lost the documents and

records of the provincial registry.

p. 414: Prices had dropped in 1810 and 1811, but were boosted by the needs of the war, especially for flour, potash and lumber. This led to a general improvement in the economy. Banking in Canada became more important as money from the British came in to purchase supplies for the army.

William Berczy Co-founder of Toronto

John Andre

Ortoprint 1967

p. 21: Berczy set up Hamburg as his headquarters. This is where the Baettigers came from, and where they may have helped Berczy. One of them seems to have communicated with Berczy after the latter had left for Montreal to live from York.

pp. 33-35: He crossed the Genesee River at Hartford on 15 April 1794. In escaping New York, Berczy brought in boats from Niagara. Finally, in August, he succeeded in convincing the weary would-be settlers to follow him to York. This they did with 16 hired axemen from York. Could John have been on the boats and/or then joined as an axeman? I believe he was likely one of these axemen.

p. 51: Sommerfeldt, Westphal and Baettger aided Mrs. Berczy in looking after the detailed needs of the people during the catastrophic famine of 1795/6. The rations ended in 1796, and all other services to the settlers two years later. They were then on their own. Carpenters and others had also been hired to build; one such enterprise was the Russell Abbey.

p. 58: In 1802, he inspected the farmsite of Chief Justice Allcock to be the architect of a large mansion.

p. 60: William Allan was to eventually join the ranks of the Family Compact.

p. 154: Abner Miles' account books show 7 of Berczy's settlers, one of them being Baettger.

Infant Toronto as Simcoe's Folly

John Andre

Ortoprint 1971

p. 27: Berczy had to convince his settlers to homestead in the rear of Toronto (after all they had come all the way from the originally promised Genesee Valley, what was another switch!).

p. 30: By August 1794, Berczy had engaged 16 good axemen and carpenters and subsequently, about thirty other laborer for various projects in Toronto and Markham. They arrived at the mouth of the Don. Their duty was "to begin work on Yonge Street, and to clear out a part of the spot where York was to be built" and square timber for a house and warehouse.

p. 40: After Abraham Iredell gave his partial survey of Markham to Berczy on 24 October 1794, the roads to their "New Jerusalem" were begun. Prior to this, the workers had left Yonge Street and begun the Mill Road (present day St. John Street in Thornhill) and headed for the "German Mills".

p. 45: There were three dozen transient laborers: was John one of these?

p. 51: On a cold March day in 1795, Quantz and others "run away to town". Quantz was also involved in hauling sleds of food to Markham.

pp. 53-54: John Henry Sommerfeldt's account of 1795 illustrates the hardship and economy of these pioneer times. He tells of selling his livestock to plant enough potatoes, wheat, and peas. He got \$4 for a pig and thought himself rich. He went working outside Markham to chop wood and earn money. Berczy helped overcome the many crop failures by making loans to the settlers. Perhaps John was lucky having worked for Berczy! Accounts for 1795 give an idea of the cost of items. Two blankets L2.8; five yards stripped cotton L1.15; one pair of Wichur shoe soles L.3; daily food 6s per day.

pp. 65-66: Melchior Quantz may have first established his hut in 1792; this would elevate him to the true pioneer of the area. Mrs. Miller's house was raised by the roadbuilders who were fed her potato crop that year.

p. 88: In 1795, there were 31 men able to bear arms. John was not one of them. Was he therefore in Markham then, or was he too young at 20?

p. 110: Of course, some of the axemen may have joined Berczy for the express purpose of getting land by having him locate or settle them in Markham. Certainly, being on this workforce would have been good experience in the art of hut building. Unfortunately, John had to fight hard to finally be able to buy his land in 1804.

p. 159: The local newspaper was the Upper Canada Gazette.

Appendix 3 Second Concession. George Quantz was born 30 October, 1783. He is listed as being 17 on Berczy's 1804 map. Clearly, many entries were made between 1800 and 1804. As another example, Mary Anne Baettiger was born 10 October 1788 and is listed as 14 with her dad, John Henry Baetjer in the Fourth Concession. John Haake [Haacke], the last on the page for the Fourth Concession, is given as 25 with wife Hannah, 22 and children Elisabeth, 3 and Mary Anne, 1. (This must have been recorded in 1800, since his son David was born in 1801).

Markham 1793-1900

Edited by Isabel Champion

Markham Historical Society 1979

I contributed a paragraph on the Haacke family. This was done through my acquaintance with Frank Johnson, who was the researcher for much of the family text. I proofed many of these pages as well. Frank was an experienced researcher in the Markham families.

p. 16: The crop failures of 1795/6 drove many settlers to York for food. This and other difficulties may have led to a variety of settlers leaving the area.

p. 20: Another pioneer family, the Lunanus, married into the Haacke clan when John Jacob (a grandson of Joachim Lunau) married Hannah Haacke (a granddaughter of Johann Haacke). They lived on Lot 11 W ½ of E ½, Con. 4.

p. 22: George Quantz (the son of the settler Melchior) married Mary Anne Baetjer (the daughter of the settler John Henry). Their daughter, Sophia, married George Haacke (the son of Johann).

p. 63: John Button organized a local cavalry unit (Troop of Markham Dragoons) in response to the rash, disloyal speeches and acts preceding the outbreak of the 1812 war. His son Francis was in charge of the 1837 cavalry troop. But John must have continued as Col. Button as we find the following for Henry and George Haacke. In 1828, Henry and George Hackey were listed in the Col. Button's 1st North York Regiment of Militia 2nd Company. Later George was listed in the 4th Company.

p. 66: John Fierheller's grandson George (a physician) was the son of William Fierheller and Mathilda Haacke (a granddaughter of Johann).

pp. 134-135: The earliest Lutheran Reverend, C.S. Liebich, accompanied the Berczy settlers, but returned to Europe after 1802. He was followed by Rev. Andrich until 1819, and then Feb. J.D. Petersen from Pennsylvania. Three churches were built: Zion in Vaughan; St. Phillip's in Unionville; and St. John's in Buttonville. Among the men who helped build the second church in 1820 was Diedrich Steffen. Around 1829, Rev. Mayerhoffer (actually a Franciscan monk who became Anglican but preached as a Lutheran) took over. He supported the Family Compact and John Strachan and in 1837, attempted to give services in English. He was locked out and eventually formed an Anglican Church nearby of the same name. Where John attended is unclear.

p. 168: School lessons were often given in the early years by individuals; Melchior Quantz is said to have been the first to do so to his and a few neighbors' children. In 1829, there were two common schools and these numbers grew rapidly during the next few years.

p. 13: The popular paper of the day in York and Kingston was the New York Albion.

p. 23: Peter Robinson's emigration scheme led to doctors accompanying the people along with tools and supplies.

pp. 31-33: Before homes were constructed, families often lived in tents made with bark and branches or in a makeshift completely closed log cabin, a grueling existence in the winter. Even the oxen might be supplied protection. Oxen were often used instead of horses.

pp. 47-54: Retail trade was conducted via fairs and shops. Bartering was then the rule with money being scarce. For example, in 1805, goods for sale ranged from silk and glove ties to teas and indigo to violin bows and mathematical instruments. Stationary and ink were available. Banks were forming by the 1820s and an interest of 5% was paid on deposits. Halifax pounds were used and New York dollars. One of the dangers of the day was fire (from all the wood structures). Even fire insurance was available after 1800.

pp. 61-62: In 1810, a troupe from London offered "Philosophical, Mathematical, and Curious Experiments". Whist was commonly played.

p. 64: Reading at home and aloud was likely quite popular.

p. 75: A cholera epidemic broke out in 1832 and again in 1834.

p. 85: By 1815, there was a Common School Act in Parliament to help promising but poor children attain an education.

In memoriam

My early experiences with research in the York area inevitably led me to a meeting of the Toronto branch of the Ontario Genealogical Society. There, I met a woman who would help me get a serious start in my genealogical pursuits and whom I would know until her death, Marion Keffer. Thanks to her continual notes on my family and hints as to where to go next, I have been able to forge ahead with good success.

My thanks also to the Public Archives of Canada for digging into their files under the various spellings of Haacke and sending me invaluable material on the early land petitions.

This project has been underway since 1972 when I found myself at a Toronto branch meeting of the Ontario Genealogical Society where I first met Marion Keffer. Until last summer, these notes had laid dormant until Kathy Fanning helped me enter much of the material into the computer.

Maps

1795 map of Abraham Iredell, surveyor and ref C-26 Markham Township – U.C.S.G.O 1817

This shows names added after 1795

On W ½ lot 17 sits John Haackey with another name crossed off com. (land commissioned to him)

On the E ½ is Peter Miller

On W ½ lot 14 sits John Button (of Button's cavalry)

On 23 sits Jacob Misener

On 30 sits Christian Stickley, but beside it, it says Lease (this was to be part of the clergy reserves)

Above this on lot 31 sits Elizabeth Fisher UE (loyalist grant)

On 18 sits Jacob Botger (brother of John Battiger?)

On lot 12 lease and lot 13 sits Melchior Quantz in Con. 2

On lot 22 con 22 sits John Boye (later Boyer and then Byer)

On lot 8 con 4 Joachim Lunau sits

Lot 10 con 8 sits John Fierheller

Things to Check

Vol. 3 JRR John Harkes had a small grocery in 1836/7 on Lot Street. Could this be a retired John Haacke? There was also a John Harkes in Kingston so maybe this is a legitimate surname. (p. 21 in *The City of Toronto and the Home District Commercial Directory and Register with Almanac and Calendar for 1837*, Editor G. Walton, Dalton and Coates, Toronto). In this same directory (p. 61), Diedrick Stephens is listed on Con. 1, Lot 10 in Brock; he has never been traced past this point. The sale of this land should be read. George Hacke (Haacke) is listed (p. 103) as being on Lot 22, Con. 7. For the *Toronto Old Survey* (p. 169), a John Hakins is listed. Is he John Haacke? There are the types of questions one must begin to ask when all else fails. Especially when you've seen the name misspelled before in just this way!

In order to verify that John is not listed, check the sale of lot 30, con 4 Markham to Richard Lewis and see if there is any mention of John Haacke having to vacate his 14 and 2/7 acres there.

Other unsearched land records include: 10757 PSTS; 11298 M; 979 M; and 1966 DM.

Check ref. 97, p. 97 in *Trail of the Black Walnut*. It is given as Fraseer: Op. Cit. page 185.

Check the Berczy list of settlers from Newark on 4 November 1796 at the Ontario Archives.

Check the whereabouts of the 1st Regiment of York in July 1814 and the name of John being on it.

Check Berczy's diary for 1794 where he lists families still dependent on him for food.

Check Berczy's Genesee journal Rochester H S 1942 141-265.

One of the greatest potential developments could occur if I could find John and Hannah's marriage record. They likely married in New York between Niagara and New York City.

Figure 01: Hannah Adams, Peter Huty and descendants listed in a biographical record

COMMEMORATIVE
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORD
OF THE
COUNTY OF YORK
ONTARIO

CONTAINING
BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES OF PROMINENT AND REPRESENTATIVE CITIZENS
AND MANY OF THE EARLY SETTLED FAMILIES

ILLUSTRATED

TORONTO:
J. H. BEERS & CO.
1907

Volume I

Reprinted by Shenrone Enterprises

1999



Malcolm Macfarlane grew to manhood in his native country, and there learned the printing business. He served during the Crimean war as a member of the Royal Artillery, and received both the English and Turkish medals for gallant services rendered. On coming to Toronto Mr. Macfarlane followed his trade for a time, and then embarked in the grocery and liquor business on Gerrard street. In 1861 he engaged in the hotel business, continuing therein until his death, at which time he was the oldest hotelman in Toronto. Since his death Mrs. Macfarlane built, in 1896, the new "Macfarlane Hotel," at Nos. 99-105 Jarvis street, which is operated by her son. Mr. Macfarlane married Miss Mary Hawkshaw, born in Ireland in 1834, daughter of Robert and Matilda (Carey) Hawkshaw. Mrs. Macfarlane came to Toronto in 1849, and has been a continuous resident of the city since that time. She can recollect when there were neither street cars nor steam cars in the Queen City, and has seen it grow from a small town to its present proportions. In 1893 Mrs. Macfarlane and her daughter, Mary, settled at No. 466 Euclid avenue, where they now reside.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. Macfarlane were as follows: Miss Mary; Robert, deceased; Jessie, the wife of John Matthews, of Toronto; Matilda, who married Alfred E. Burgess of Toronto, and has one son, Frederick; and Alexander, proprietor of the hotel, who married Miss Jane Smith, and has one son, Malcolm. Mr. Macfarlane was a Presbyterian, while his widow is a member of the Church of England. He was a member of the I.O.O.F., and the Army and Navy Order. His political sympathies were with the Conservative party.

PETER HUTTY, who departed this life in Toronto June 9, 1882, was one of Toronto's most prominent men. He was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1819, son of Joseph Hutty, who came to Canada in 1831, settling at Montreal, where he died leaving one son, Peter, and three daughters—Mrs. Thomas Lawson, Mrs. William Gray (now in her eighty-second year), and ———.

After the death of his father, Peter Hutty made his home with his grandfather, William Smith, of Brampton (father of I. A. Smith, of Toronto, and David and Robert Smith of Brampton, all of whom lived to advanced years). In 1835 he came to Toronto and engaged in general contracting for the Government, in which he continued all his active life. In addition to his extensive contracting business, Mr. Hutty had very large real estate holdings in Toronto, owning all the property on both sides of Cotting-

ham street, the corner, however, now the property of the estate of the late Sir John A. Macdonald, M.P. Mr. Hutty also owned a large farm at Delaware, County Middlesex, and there he spent five years engaged in milling and farming, the late Judge Adam Wilson being a partner in the milling. He was a lover of fine horses, owned a large stable, and drove some of the finest horses in the county. He was often called upon to act as judge of fine cattle and sheep.

For thirteen years Mr. Hutty was a member of the council of Yorkville and reeve thereof for a number of years. He was a justice of the peace, was instrumental in having the street cars pass Bloor street, and in building the York township town hall and the Jesse Ketchum school, both of which were great additions to their localities, and he was tendered parliamentary honors at the hands of the Conservative party, an honor which, however, he declined. He was a fine platform speaker, and was greatly in demand for platform work during campaigns. He was a firm friend and sincere admirer of Sir John A. Macdonald. Mr. Hutty was distantly related by marriage to William Henry Harrison, ex-president of the United States.

In 1838 Mr. Hutty married Miss Margaret Gray, born in Yonge street, Toronto, in 1821, daughter of John Gray. She died in Toronto in 1902. John Gray was born in the County of York, in 1796, and he married Margaret Hackey, daughter of Captain Hackey, who was born in Markham township. Her mother was Hannah Adams, a distant cousin of John Quincy Adams, the sixth president of the United States. With the exception of six years, which were spent on their farm in Delaware, Mrs. Hutty spent her entire life in her native city, and was a good Christian woman, beloved by all who knew her. Her reminiscences of early days, and of the Rebellion of 1837-38, were highly interesting and instructive.

After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Hutty settled on Cottingham street, where they resided for twenty years and more, afterward living on Davenport road, both sides of which he owned west of Avenue road. The children born to them were: (1) Joseph William, deceased, was educated at the Upper Canada College, was a member of Captain Allister Clark's Mounted Cavalry in the fifties. He was in the forage contracting business for some time, then engaged in railroading, and later for fifteen or twenty years was in the drug business in Grand Haven, Michigan, where he was greatly beloved. He died in Kansas in 1893. He married Miss Susan Squire, daughter of Capt. Heber Squire,

of Grand Haven, who with their five children—Alfred, Hassen, John; Alice and Jessie—survives. (2) Alfred, of Poplar Plains road, County of York, married Miss Diana Lothian, of Delaware, Ont., and had children, George, Fred K., Hattie, Mary and Margaret. (3) James Henry, born in Toronto, in 1844, was educated at the Old Grammar School and Upper Canada College, learned the drug business with F. Hooper & Co., King street, and has been in that line in Toronto since 1866, his present location being 528 Yonge street. He is a member of the York Pioneers, the Upper Canada College Old Boys, and the Astronomical Society. (4) Margaret Matilda married Thomas Godson, a merchant. (5) Charles P. died young. (6) Annie Elizabeth married Capt. Perry Beale, son of Judge Beale, of Maidstone, Kent. (7) Alice Ada. (8) Miss Emily Helena. (9) Frederick Acheson, postmaster at Grand Haven, Michigan, was a friend of the late President McKinley and of President Roosevelt of the United States. He married Miss Birdie Squire, daughter of Captain Squire, of Grand Haven, and has these children, Clarence, Bernard, Margaret, Emily Helena and Frederick H. (10) Robert Howland Gray, of the Toronto postoffice, married Miss Flora Patterson, of Peterborough. (11) Charlotte Olive, born at Delaware, died in Toronto in 1903.

Mr. and Mrs. Hutty were consistent members of the Catholic Apostolic Church. In politics Mr. Hutty was a Conservative. Fraternally he was affiliated with the Masonic Order, and the Pioneers of York. He held a commission as lieutenant in Her Majesty's service under Col. Stoughton Dennis, of Weston, and in the defence of his country took part in the stirring times of the Rebellion of 1837.

CHARLES C. GOING, a well-known barrister of Ontario, who passed away at his late residence, No. 36 Evelyn avenue, Toronto Junction, Ont., June 2, 1902, was born at London, Ont., Oct. 21, 1860, son of Dr. Henry and Harriet (Brough) Going.

The Going family is of Irish extraction, and in 1859 was founded in London, Ont., by Dr. Henry Going. He married Harriet Brough, daughter of the late Archdeacon Brough, who founded the family in Canada in 1830. To Mr. and Mrs. Going were born these children: Frederick, Minnie, Nellie, Charles C. and Henry.

Charles C. Going received his education at London, Ont., and there began the study of law with Fraser & Fraser, completing his course at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, in 1881, in which year he was called to the Bar. Mr. Going first settled in the practice of his profession at Winnipeg, with the firm of Bair & Blanchard, but

returned to London, where he resided a short time and then went to Strathroy. After two years at the latter place he settled at Toronto Junction, where he became solicitor for the town, a position which he filled very efficiently until his death. Mr. Going had made a speciality of municipal law, and was thoroughly fitted for the position he was called upon to fill.

Mr. Going was married to Miss Ada Marion Whately, daughter of Rev. John Clements and Hannah (Robinson) Whately. Mr. Whately was born in England in 1805, and educated at Oxford. He came to Canada about 1864, settling in London, Ont., where he died in 1867. He was twice married. His first wife bore him six children: Charles C.; Edward; Henry; George; Harriet; and Alice. By his second wife, Hannah Robinson, he had two daughters: Ada M., Mrs. Going; and Rose.

To Mr. and Mrs. Going were born the following children: Enid Hartland, born in 1887, in Strathroy, resides with her mother; Phyllis Marjorie, born at Toronto Junction in 1894, died the same year; and Brough Whately died in infancy. Mr. Going was a Conservative in politics, and in fraternal connection a Mason. He was a member of the English Church, to which Mrs. Going also belongs.

WILLIAM A. SMYTH, who passed away at his late residence in Toronto, No. 187 Crawford street, Feb. 17, 1888, was born in Ontario, son of James and Anna (Harrison) Smyth, the former a native of Ireland, and the latter of England.

James Smyth came to Canada when a young man, and soon thereafter settled in Toronto, where he became a commission merchant, continuing in this business until his death. He was twice married, his first wife being the mother of our subject.

William A. Smyth began business with his father, but later went to the office of the Massey-Harris Company, as an accountant, where he continued until his death. He had a large acquaintance in business circles, and wherever known was highly esteemed.

Mr. Smyth married Miss Sarah Helen Johnson, born in Toronto, daughter of Samuel and Ann (Fair) Johnson, natives of County Mayo, Ireland. Mrs. Johnson came to Montreal in 1829, and to Toronto in 1833. She was a daughter of Robert and Margaret Fair, natives of County Mayo, Ireland, where they died. They had children: John, William, Robert, James, Mary, Elizabeth and Ann, all of whom lived to be eighty-five years old or over. To Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Johnson the following children